

SOLVING HTTP PROBLEMS WITH CODE AND PROTOCOLS

NATASHA ROONEY

WEB

HTTP

TLS

TCP

IP

7. Application Data	HTTP / IMAP
6. Data Presentation , Encryption	SSL / TLS
5. Session and connection management	-
4. Transport of packets and streams	TCP / UDP
3. Routing and delivery of datagrams on the Network	IP / IPSec
2. Local Data Connection	Ethernet
1. Physical data connection (cables)	CAT5

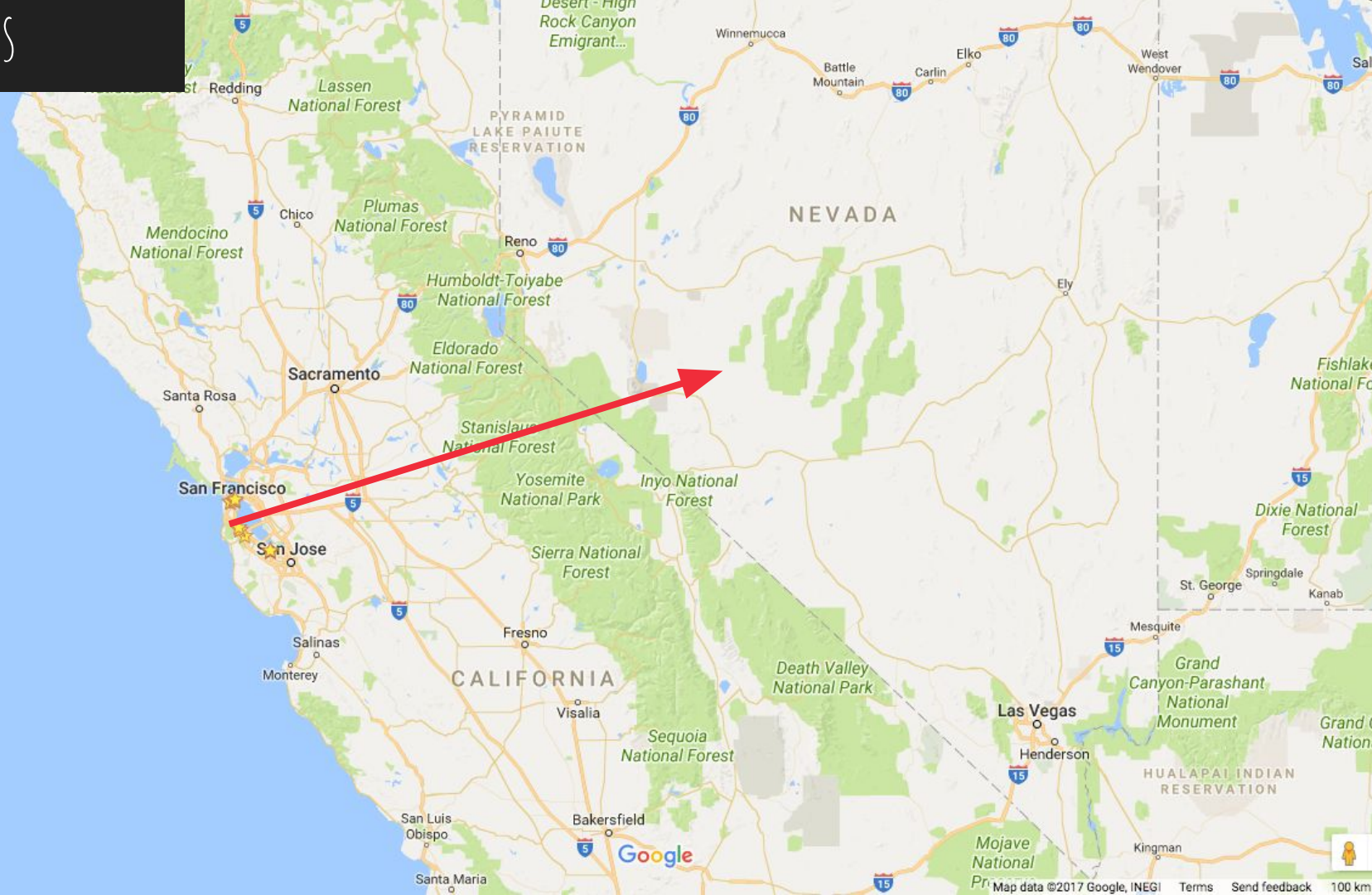
SOME FUNDAMENTAL LIMITATIONS

300,000,000 M/S

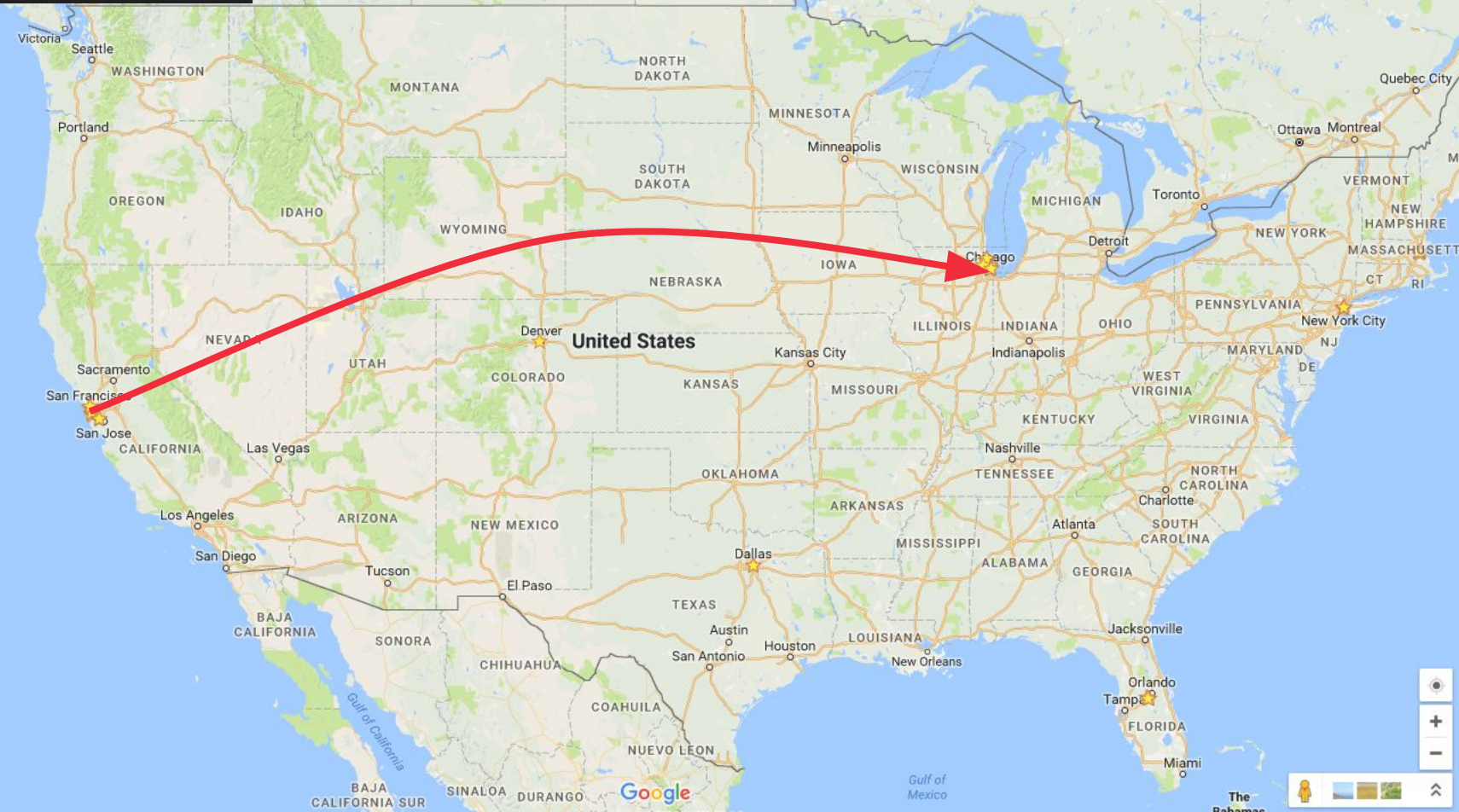
300,000,000 M/S

Speed of Light

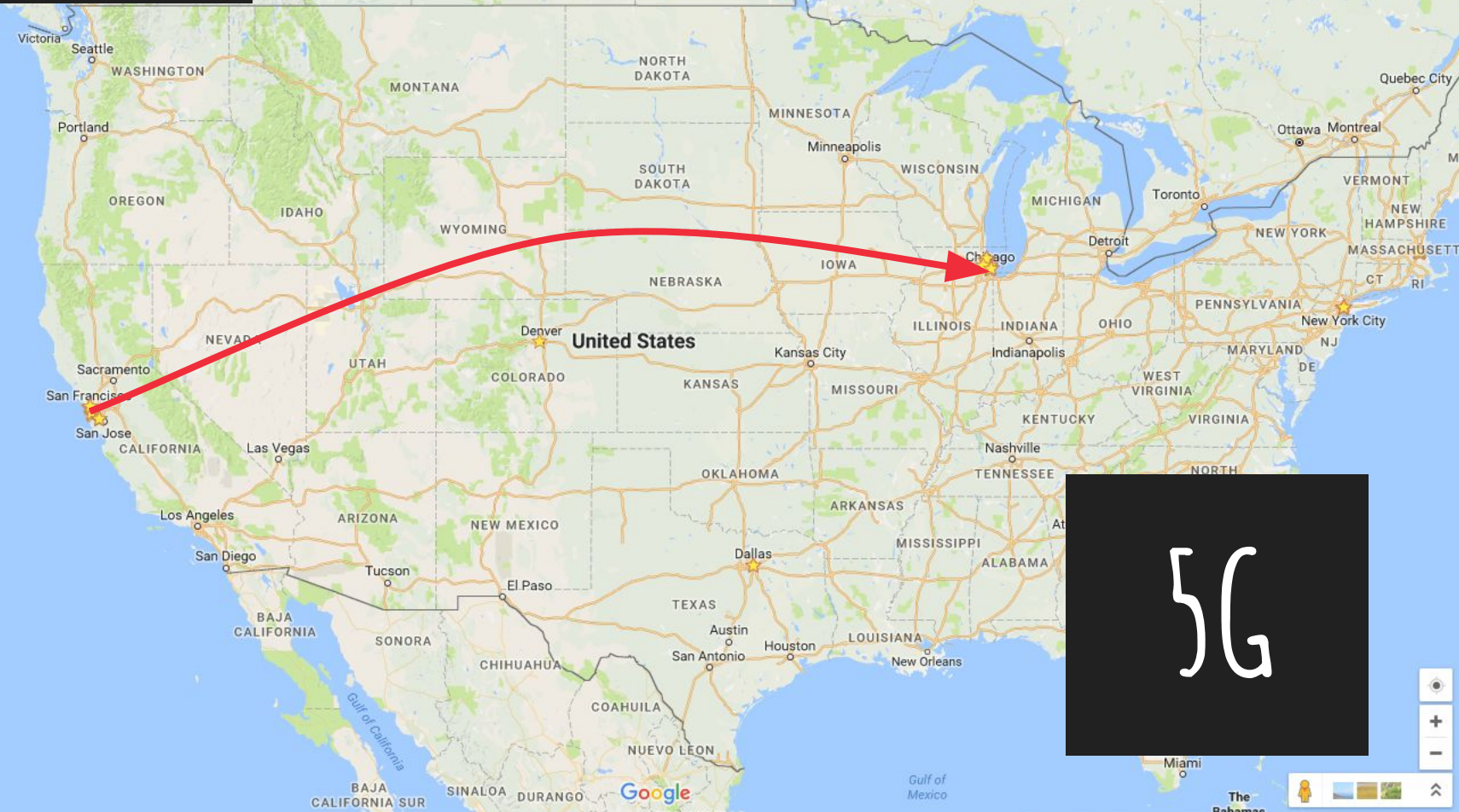
300KM, 1MS



Google



10MS



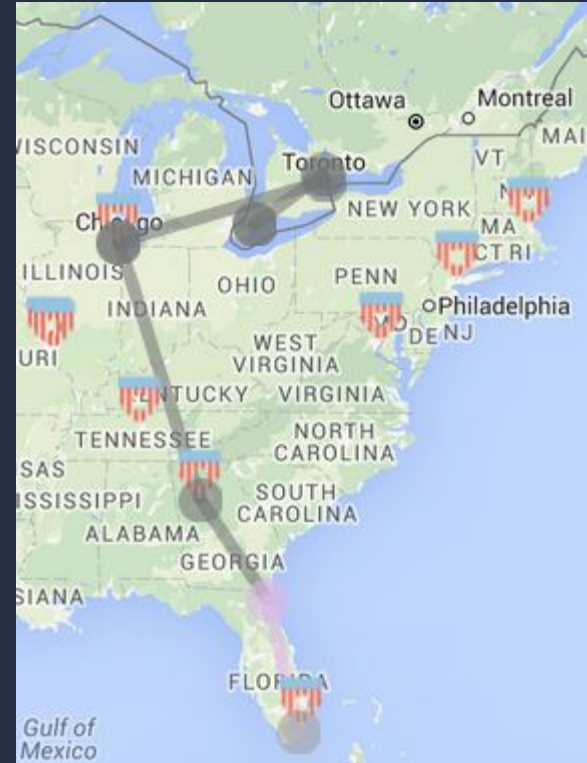
5G



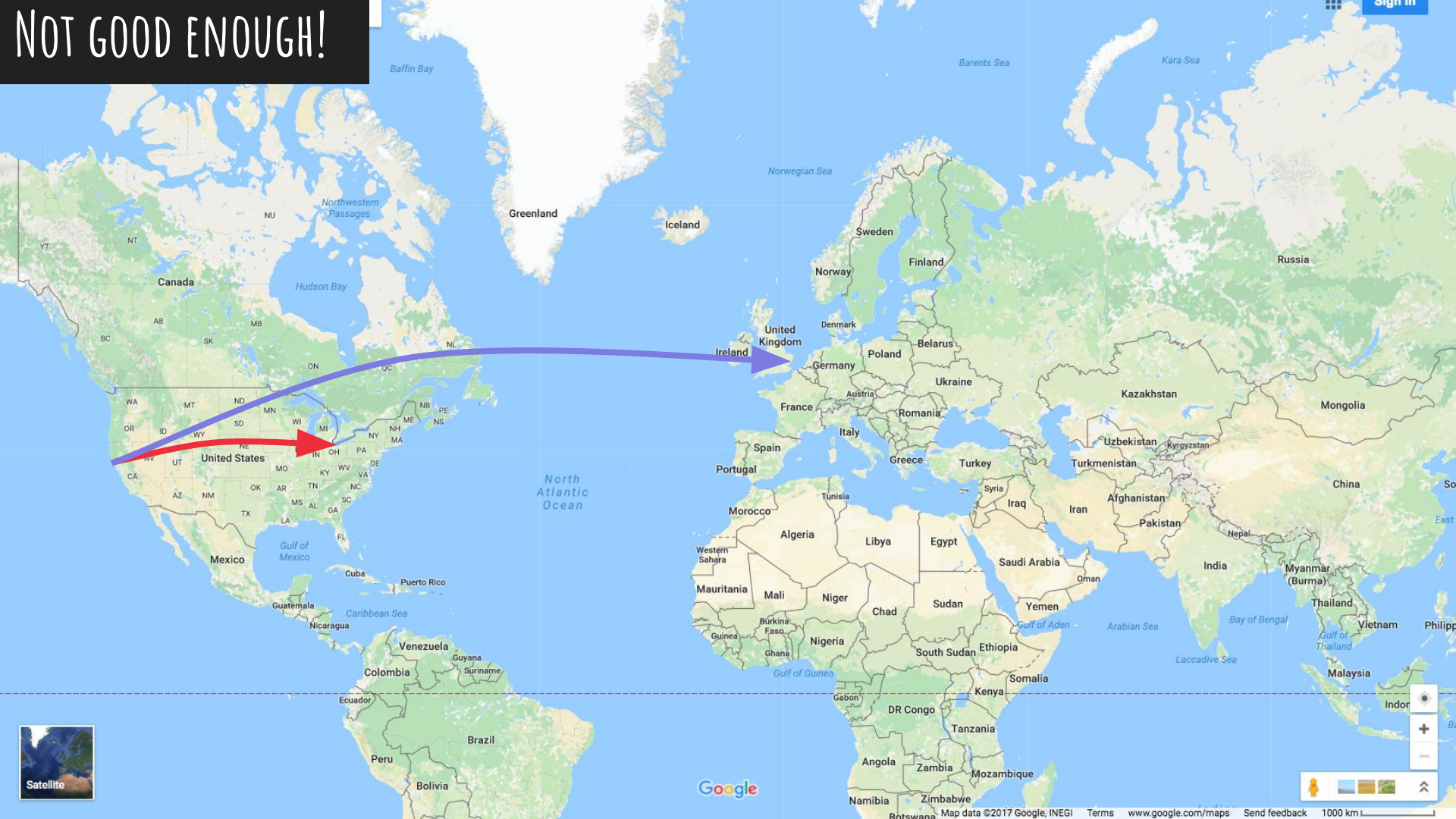
ONLY ONE WAY!

And as the crow flies...

HOPS



NOT GOOD ENOUGH!



Sign in

Baffin Bay

Barents Sea

Kara Sea

Northwestern Passages

Greenland

Iceland

Canada

Hudson Bay

Norwegian Sea

Sweden

Finland

Russia

United Kingdom

Ireland

Denmark

Poland

Belarus

France

Austria

Romania

Spain

Italy

Greece

Turkey

Ukraine

Kazakhstan

Mongolia

United States

North Atlantic Ocean

Mexico

Gulf of Mexico

Western Sahara

Algeria

Libya

Egypt

Saudi Arabia

Iraq

Iran

Afghanistan

Pakistan

India

Nepal

China

Guatemala

Nicaragua

Venezuela

Guyana

Suriname

Ecuador

Peru

Bolivia

Brazil

Google

Map data ©2017 Google, INEGI

Terms www.google.com/maps

Send feedback

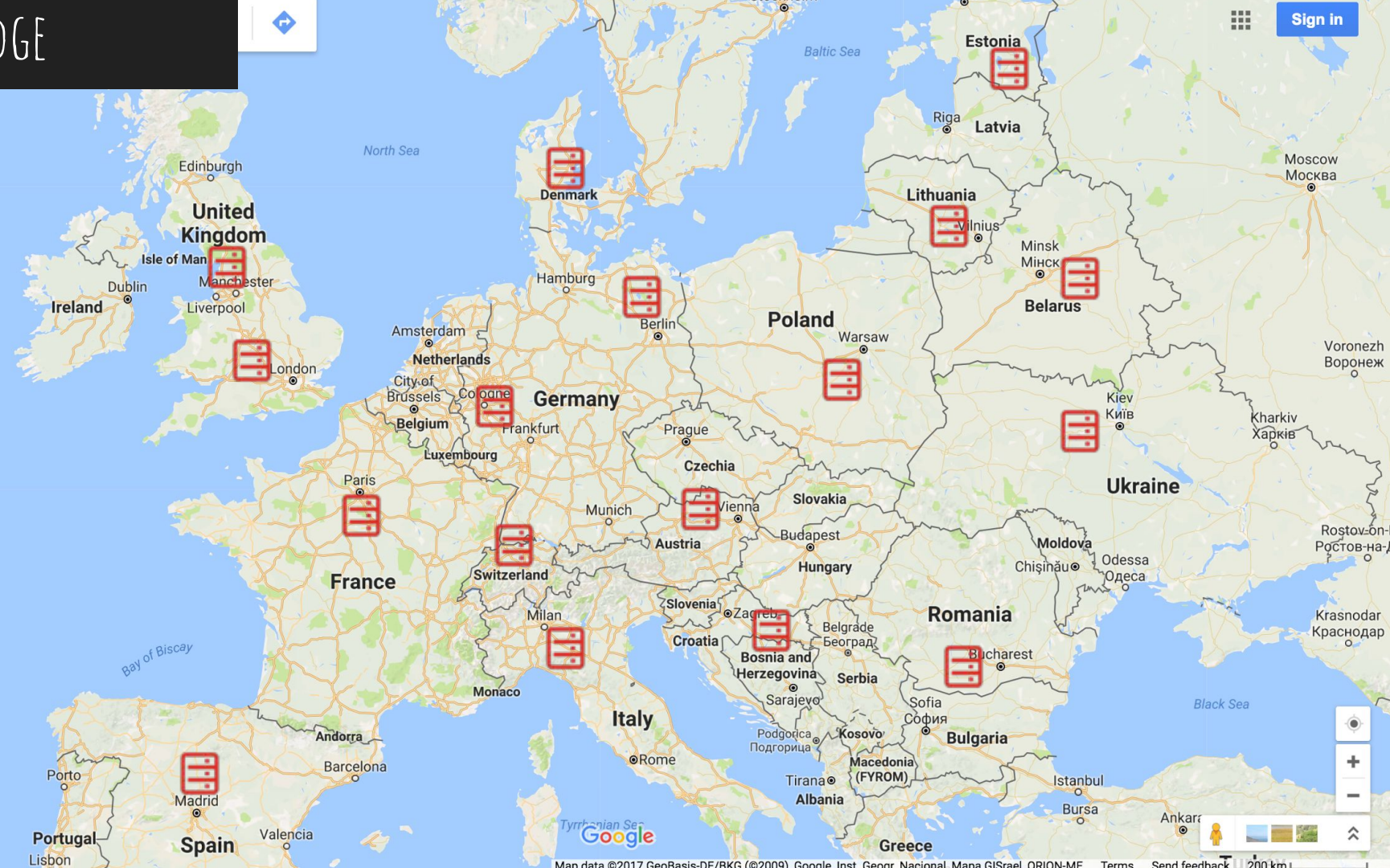
1000 km

Satellite

CDNs, EDGE

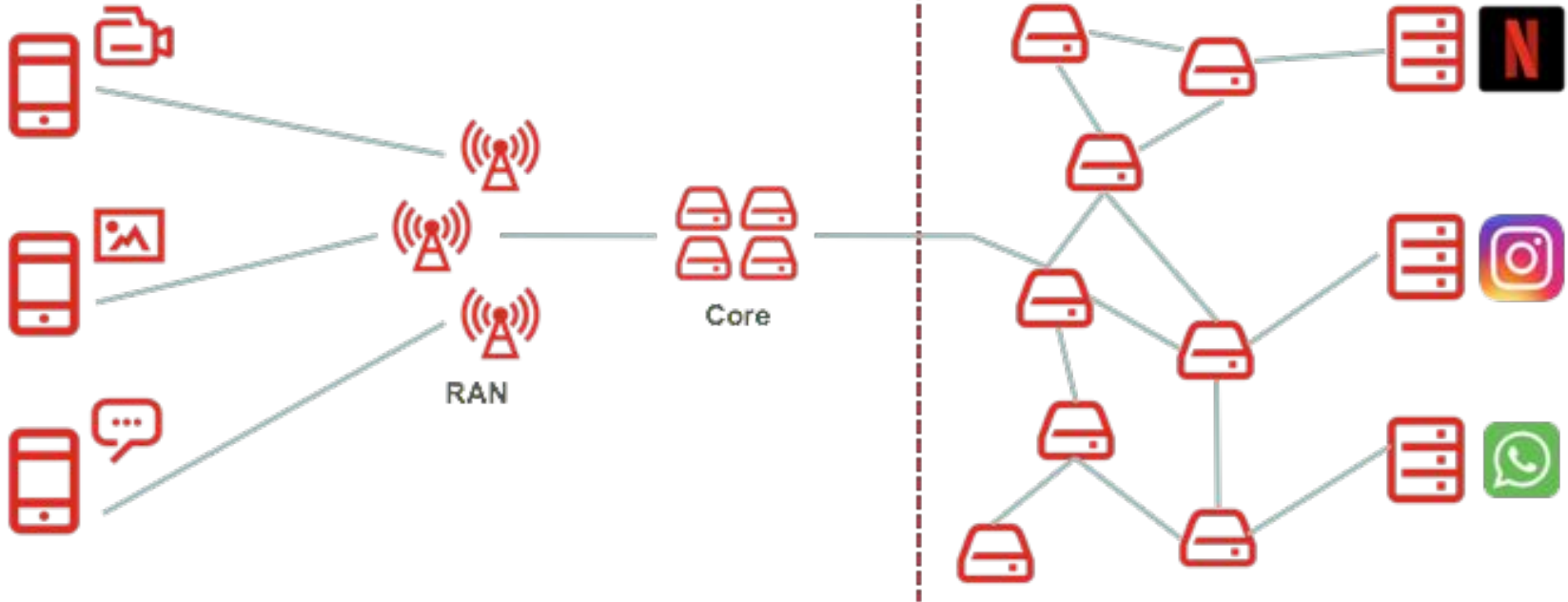


Sign in

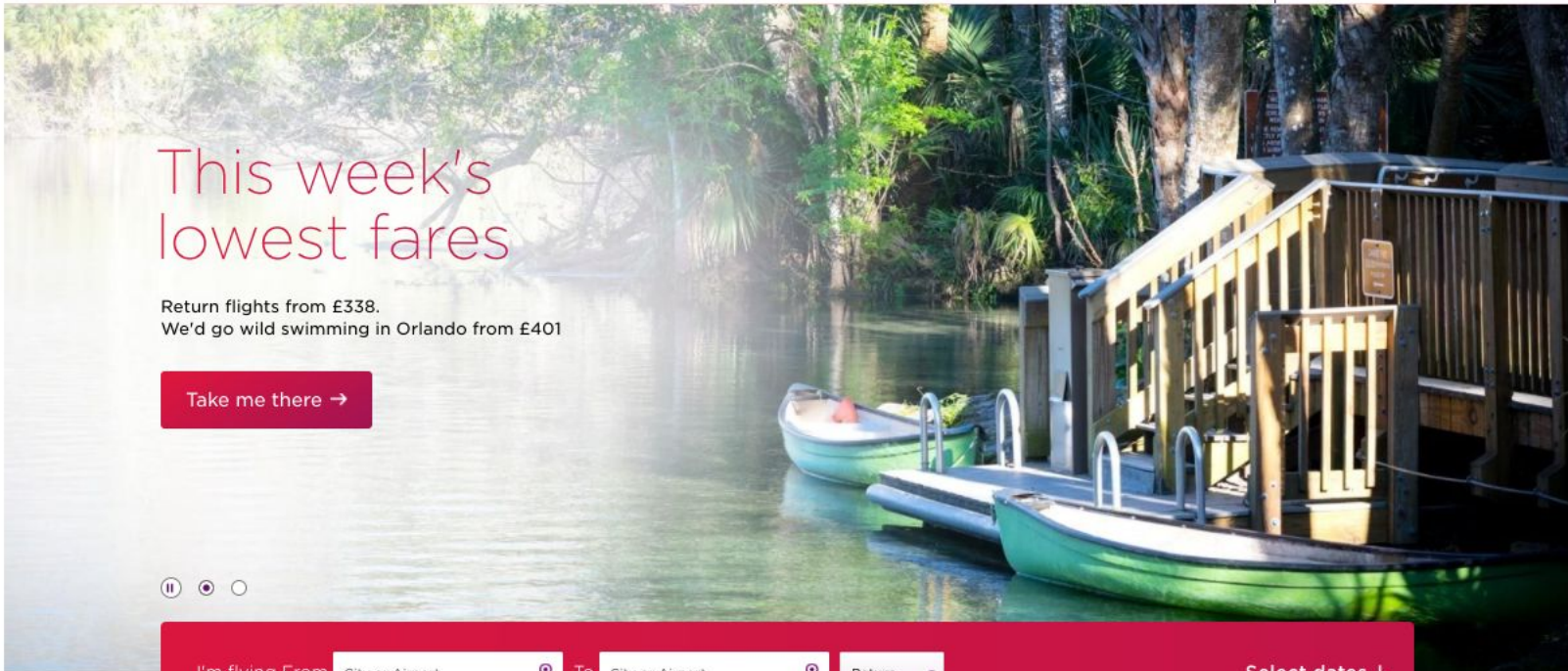


Mobile Network (not wifi)

The Internet



AMOUNT OF DATA



This week's lowest fares

Return flights from £338.
We'd go wild swimming in Orlando from £401

Take me there →



I'm flying From To Return Select dates ↓

DESTINATIONS →

Get inspired



This week's

I'm flying From

City or Airport



To

City or Airport



Return



Select dates ↓

We'd go wild swimming in Orlando from £401

How we use cookies

Name	Status	Protocol	Type	Initiator	Size	Time	Waterfall	20.00 s
fs.trigger.js	200	http/1.1	script	gateway.min.js:13	9.3KB	43ms		
?key=a74thHgsfK627J6Ftt8js5ks52bKe&url=http://dpm.demdex.net/...	302	http/1.1	Other	Other	686B	43ms		
lbs:dpid=1175&dpuuid=URmwW1xFvApJFuMOU0WoCFFG4QxJF-Zb...	200	http/1.1	gif	p-vi4AY Bqd6VJ2.gif	766B	24ms		
lbs:dpid=3047&dpuuid=347589AAA371A3	200	http/1.1	gif	servedby.flashtalking.com/	766B	22ms		
?spotName=Homepage&cachebuster=3846513485.3754826	200	http/1.1	gif	Other	484B	12ms		
fs.frame.html?d=www.virginatlantic.com&_cv_=19.3.3-v.2&_vt_=4ydk0...	200	http/1.1	document	fs.utils.js:8	959B	72ms		
fs.gateway.js	200	http/1.1	script	fs.frame.html?d=www.virginatlanti...	11.4KB	24ms		
fs.frame.js?v=4ydk09h	200	http/1.1	script	fs.gateway.js:12	2.1KB	21ms		
fs.utils.js?v=4ydk09h	200	http/1.1	script	fs.gateway.js:12	24.4KB	70ms		
log_interaction?alt=json&key=AlzaSyAO_FJ2SiqU8Q4STEHLGCilw_Y...	200	http/2+quic/35	xhr	www-embed-player.js:269	487B	37ms		
74760319?sid=oT-pID70RZuU5LnPh7hMAQ&cb=lpCb24305x337&t=1...	200	http/1.1	script	VM121:1	653B	17ms		
log_interaction?alt=json&key=AlzaSyAO_FJ2SiqU8Q4STEHLGCilw_Y...	200	http/2+quic/35	xhr	www-embed-player.js:269	444B	34ms		
log_interaction?alt=json&key=AlzaSyAO_FJ2SiqU8Q4STEHLGCilw_Y...	200	http/2+quic/35	xhr	www-embed-player.js:269	441B	40ms		
74760319?sid=oT-pID70RZuU5LnPh7hMAQ&cb=lpCb90985x9377&t=1...	200	http/1.1	script	VM121:1	655B	13ms		

This week's

I'm flying From

City or Airport



To

City or Airport



Return



Select dates ↓

We'd go wild swimming in Orlando from £401

How we use cookies

Name	Type	Initiator	Size	Time	Waterfall	20.00 s
<input type="checkbox"/> log_interaction?alt=json&key=AlzaSyAO_FJ2SiqU...						
<input type="checkbox"/> 74760319?sid=oT-plD70RZuU5LnPh7hMAQ&cb=...						
<input type="checkbox"/> log_interaction?alt=json&key=AlzaSyAO_FJ2SiqU...	script	gateway.min.js:13	9.3KB	43ms		
<input type="checkbox"/> log_interaction?alt=json&key=AlzaSyAO_FJ2SiqU...	gif	Other	686B	43ms		
<input type="checkbox"/> 74760319?sid=oT-plD70RZuU5LnPh7hMAQ&cb=...	gif	p-vi4AYlBqd6VJ2.gif	766B	24ms		
<input type="checkbox"/> 74760319?sid=oT-plD70RZuU5LnPh7hMAQ&cb=...	gif	servedby.flashtalking.com/	766B	22ms		
<input type="checkbox"/> 74760319?sid=oT-plD70RZuU5LnPh7hMAQ&cb=...	gif	Other	484B	12ms		
192 requests 2.9MB transferred Finish: 35.08s D...						
fs.frame.html?d=www.virginatlantic.com	document	fs.utils.js:8	959B	72ms		
fs.gateway.js	script	fs.frame.html?d=www.virginatlantic.com	11.4KB	24ms		
fs.frame.js?v=4ydk09...	script	fs.gateway.js:12	2.1KB	21ms		
fs.frame.js?v=4ydk09...	script	fs.gateway.js:12	24.4KB	70ms		
fs.utils.js?v=4ydk09...	script	www-embed-player.js:269	487B	37ms		
log_interaction?alt=json&key=AlzaSyAO_FJ2SiqU8Q4STEHLGCilw_Y...	xhr	VM121:1	653B	17ms		
74760319?sid=oT-plD70RZuU5LnPh7hMAQ&cb=ipCb24305x337&t=...	script	www-embed-player.js:269	444B	34ms		
log_interaction?alt=json&key=AlzaSyAO_FJ2SiqU8Q4STEHLGCilw_Y...	xhr	www-embed-player.js:269	441B	40ms		
log_interaction?alt=json&key=AlzaSyAO_FJ2SiqU8Q4STEHLGCilw_Y...	xhr	www-embed-player.js:269	441B	40ms		
74760319?sid=oT-plD70RZuU5LnPh7hMAQ&cb=ipCb90985x93778&t=...	script	VM121:1	655B	13ms		

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To

City or Airport



Return



Select dates ↓

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How we use cookies

Name	Size	Time	Waterfall	20.00 s
fs.trigger.js				
?key=a74thHgsfK627J6Ftt8js5ks52bKe&url=http://dpm.de				
ibs:dpid=1175&dpuuid=URmwW1xFvApJFuMOU0WoCFFG4QxJF-Zb...	200			
ibs:dpid=3047&dpuuid=347589AAA371A3	200			
?spotName=Homepage&cachebuster=3846513485.3754826	200			
fs.frame.html?d=www.virginatlantic.com&_cv_=19.3.3-v.2&_vt_=4ydk0...	200			
fs.gateway.js	200			
fs.frame.js?v=4ydk09h	200			
fs.utils.js?v=4ydk09h	200			
log_interaction?alt=json&key=AlzaSyAO_FJ2SiqU8Q4STEHLGCilw_Y...	200			
74760319?sid=oT-plD70RZuU5LnPh7hMAQ&cb=lpCb24305x337&t=...	200			
log_interaction?alt=json&key=AlzaSyAO_FJ2SiqU8Q4STEHLGCilw_Y...	200			
log_interaction?alt=json&key=AlzaSyAO_FJ2SiqU8Q4STEHLGCilw_Y...	200			
74760319?sid=oT-plD70RZuU5LnPh7hMAQ&cb=lpCb90985x93778&t=...	200			

SPEED & DISTANCE

Capped by Speed of Light

AMOUNT OF DATA

>100 objects per site
800k to 2.5mb data
>50 resources on same domain

RTS ARE EVIL

Mostly because of physics. Not much you can do about that.

HTTP/1

HTTP/1



HTTP/1

TLS

TLS

TCP

TCP

IP

HTTP/1



HTTP/1



TLS

TLS

TCP

TCP

IP

HTTP/1



HTTP/1



TLS

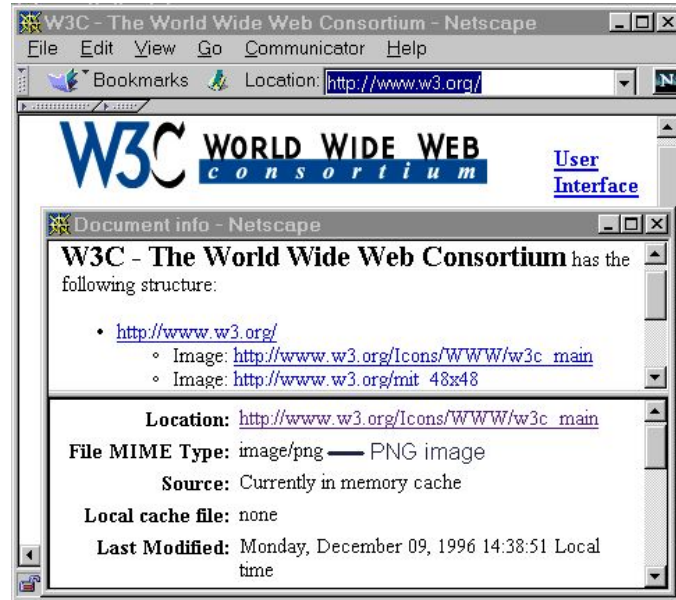


TLS

TCP

TCP

IP



This week's

I'm flying From

City or Airport



To

City or Airport



Return



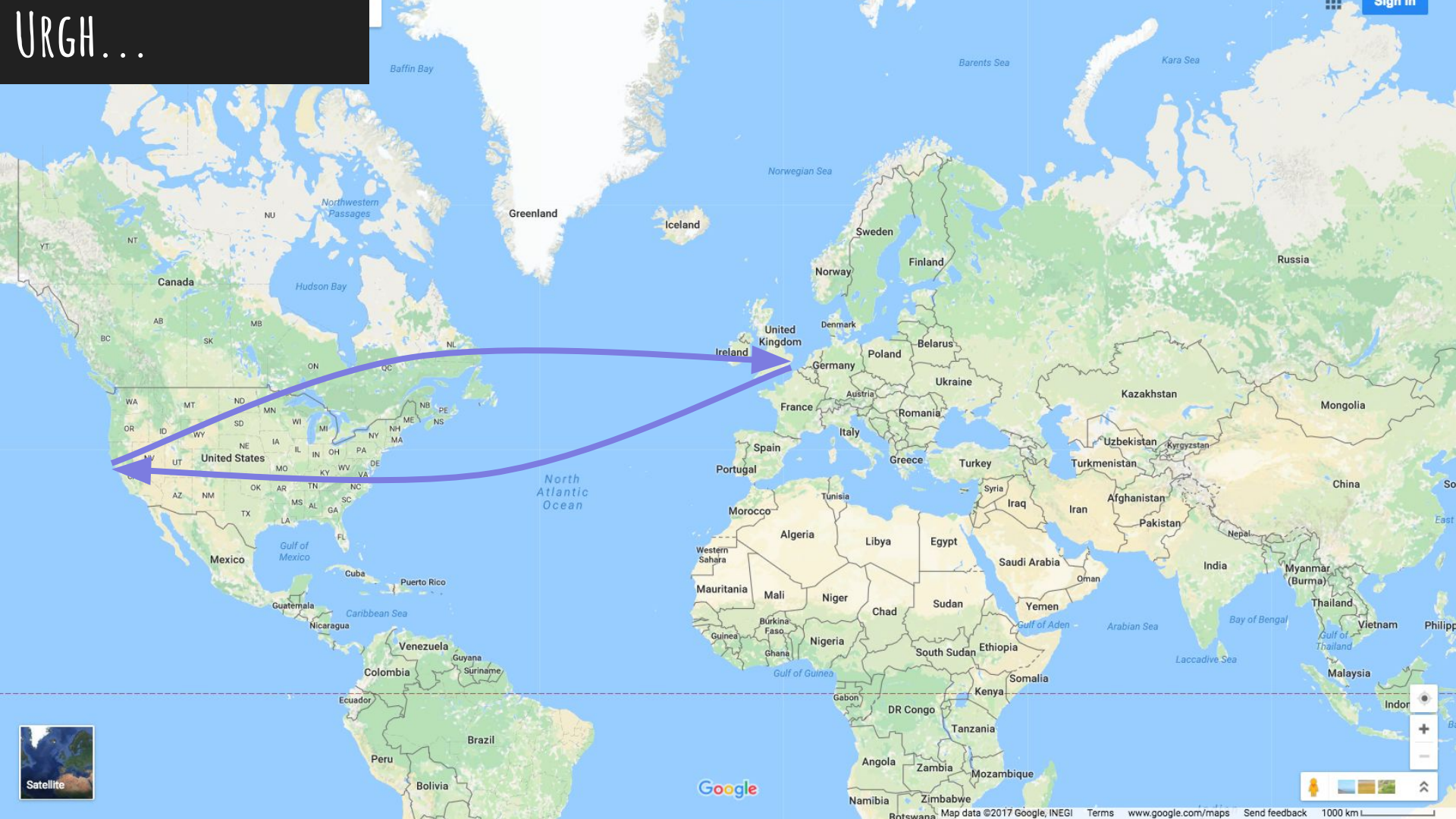
Select dates ↓

We'd go wild swimming in Orlando from £401

How we use cookies

Name	Type	Initiator	Size	Time	Waterfall	20.00 s
<input type="checkbox"/> log_interaction?alt=json&key=AlzaSyAO_FJ2SiqU...						
<input type="checkbox"/> 74760319?sid=oT-plD70RZuU5LnPh7hMAQ&cb=...						
<input type="checkbox"/> log_interaction?alt=json&key=AlzaSyAO_FJ2SiqU...	script	gateway.min.js:13	9.3KB	43ms		
<input type="checkbox"/> log_interaction?alt=json&key=AlzaSyAO_FJ2SiqU...	gif	Other	686B	43ms		
<input type="checkbox"/> 74760319?sid=oT-plD70RZuU5LnPh7hMAQ&cb=...	gif	p-vi4AYlBqd6VJ2.gif	766B	24ms		
<input type="checkbox"/> 74760319?sid=oT-plD70RZuU5LnPh7hMAQ&cb=...	gif	servedby.flashtalking.com/	766B	22ms		
<input type="checkbox"/> 74760319?sid=oT-plD70RZuU5LnPh7hMAQ&cb=...	gif	Other	484B	12ms		
192 requests 2.9MB transferred Finish: 35.08s D						
fs.trigger.js	script	fs.frame.html?d=www.virginatlanti...	959B	72ms		
?key=a74thHgsfK627J6l	script	fs.gateway.js	11.4KB	24ms		
lbs:dpid=1175&dpuuid=...	script	fs.frame.js?v=4ydk09h...	2.1KB	21ms		
lbs:dpid=3047&dpuuid=...	script	fs.frame.js?v=4ydk09h...	2.1KB	21ms		
?spotName=Homepage	script	fs.frame.js?v=4ydk09h...	2.1KB	21ms		
fs.frame.html?d=www.vi...	script	fs.frame.js?v=4ydk09h...	2.1KB	21ms		
fs.gateway.js	script	fs.frame.js?v=4ydk09h...	2.1KB	21ms		
fs.frame.js?v=4ydk09h...	script	fs.frame.js?v=4ydk09h...	2.1KB	21ms		
fs.frame.js?v=4ydk09h...	script	fs.frame.js?v=4ydk09h...	2.1KB	21ms		
fs.util.js?v=4ydk09h...	script	fs.frame.js?v=4ydk09h...	2.1KB	21ms		
log_interaction?alt=json&key=AlzaSyAO_FJ2SiqU...	script	fs.frame.js?v=4ydk09h...	2.1KB	21ms		
74760319?sid=oT-plD70RZuU5LnPh7hMAQ&cb=...	script	fs.frame.js?v=4ydk09h...	2.1KB	21ms		
log_interaction?alt=json&key=AlzaSyAO_FJ2SiqU...	xhr	www-embed-player.js:269	487B	37ms		
74760319?sid=oT-plD70RZuU5LnPh7hMAQ&cb=...	script	VM121:1	653B	17ms		
log_interaction?alt=json&key=AlzaSyAO_FJ2SiqU...	xhr	www-embed-player.js:269	444B	34ms		
log_interaction?alt=json&key=AlzaSyAO_FJ2SiqU...	xhr	www-embed-player.js:269	441B	40ms		
74760319?sid=oT-plD70RZuU5LnPh7hMAQ&cb=...	script	VM121:1	655B	13ms		

URGH...



Sign in



Google

SPRITING



INLINING

```
1 <!DOCTYPE html>
2 <html lang="en">
3   <head>
4     <title>threejs webgl - inline tone mapping</title>
5     <meta charset="utf-8">
6     <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, user-scalable=no, minimum-scale=1.0,
7     <style>
8       body {
9         color: #fff;
10        font-family:Monospace;
11        font-size:13px;
12        text-align:center;
13
14        background-color: #000;
15
16        margin: 0px;
17        overflow: hidden;
18      }
19
20      a { color: #ff2 }
21
22      #info {
23        position: absolute;
24        top: 0px; width: 100%;
25        padding: 5px;
26      }
27    </style>
28  </head>
29  <body>
30
31    <div id="container"></div>
32    <div id="info"><a href="http://threejs.org" target="_blank" rel="noopener">threejs</a>
33    processing step or float/half buffers by <a href="http://clara.io/" target="_blank" rel="noopener
34
35    <script src="./build/three.js"></script>
36    <script src="js/controls/OrbitControls.js"></script>
37
38    <script src="js/Detector.js"></script>
39    <script src="js/libs/stats.min.js"></script>
40
41    <script src="js/libs/dat.gui.min.js"></script>
42    <script src="js/loaders/RGBELoader.js"></script>
43    <script src="js/loaders/HDRCubeTextureLoader.js"></script>
44    <script src="js/pmrem/PMREMGGenerator.js"></script>
45    <script src="js/pmrem/PMREMCubeUVPacker.js"></script>
46
47    <script src="js/postprocessing/EffectComposer.js"></script>
48    <script src="js/postprocessing/RenderPass.js"></script>
49    <script src="js/postprocessing/MaskPass.js"></script>
50    <script src="js/postprocessing/ShaderPass.js"></script>
51    <script src="js/shaders/CopyShader.js"></script>
52
53    <script>
54      if ( ! Detector.webgl ) Detector.addGetWebGLMessage();
```

```
ember install ember-service-worker
```

EMBER
AMP

matter

SPONSORS

TRIFORK

IBM

betfair

ski

1	Motivations
2	Model
2.1	Service Worker
2.1.1	Lifetime
2.2	Service Worker Registration
2.2.1	Lifetime
2.3	Service Worker Client
2.4	Selection and Use
2.5	Task Sources
2.6	User Agent Shutdown
3	Client Context
3.1	ServiceWorker
3.1.1	scriptURL
3.1.2	state
3.1.3	postMessage(message, transfer)
3.1.4	Event handler
3.2	ServiceWorkerRegistration
3.2.1	installing
3.2.2	waiting
3.2.3	active
3.2.4	scope
3.2.5	updateViaCache
3.2.6	update()
3.2.7	unregister()

Service Workers 1

W3C Working Draft, 2 November 2017



This version:

<https://www.w3.org/TR/2017/WD-service-workers-1-20171102/>

Latest published version:

<https://www.w3.org/TR/service-workers-1/>

Editor's Draft:

<https://w3c.github.io/ServiceWorker/v1/>

Previous Versions:

<https://www.w3.org/TR/2016/WD-service-workers-1-20161011/>

Issue Tracking:

[GitHub](#)

[Inline In Spec](#)

Editors:

[Alex Russell](#) (Google)

[Jungkee Song](#) (Samsung Electronics)

[Jake Archibald](#) (Google)

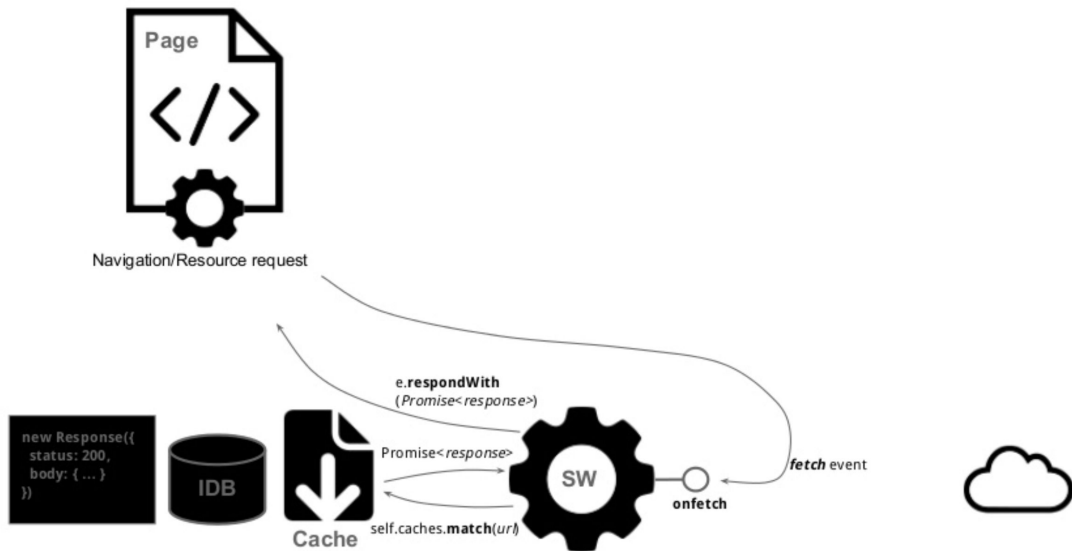
[Marijn Kruisselbrink](#) (Google)

Tests:

[web-platform-tests service-workers/](#) (ongoing work)

► V1 Branch

Have a Service Worker?



Pipelining



HOME

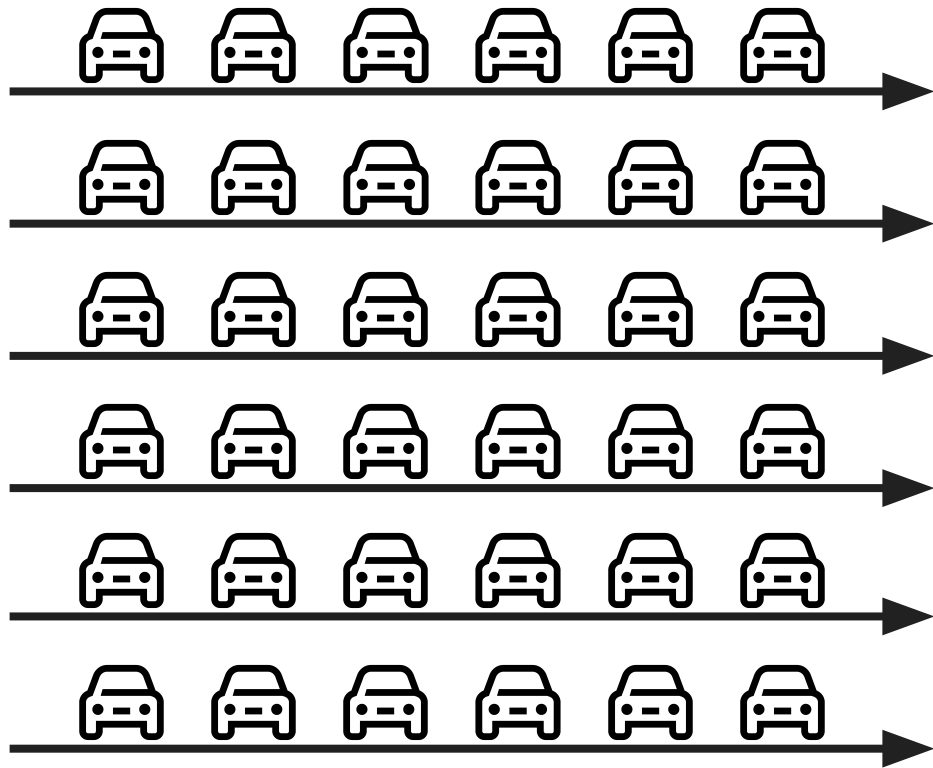


SUPERMARKET

ROADS



HOME



ROADS



SUPERMARKET

HTTP/1

HTTP/1

TCP Setup

TLS

TLS Setup

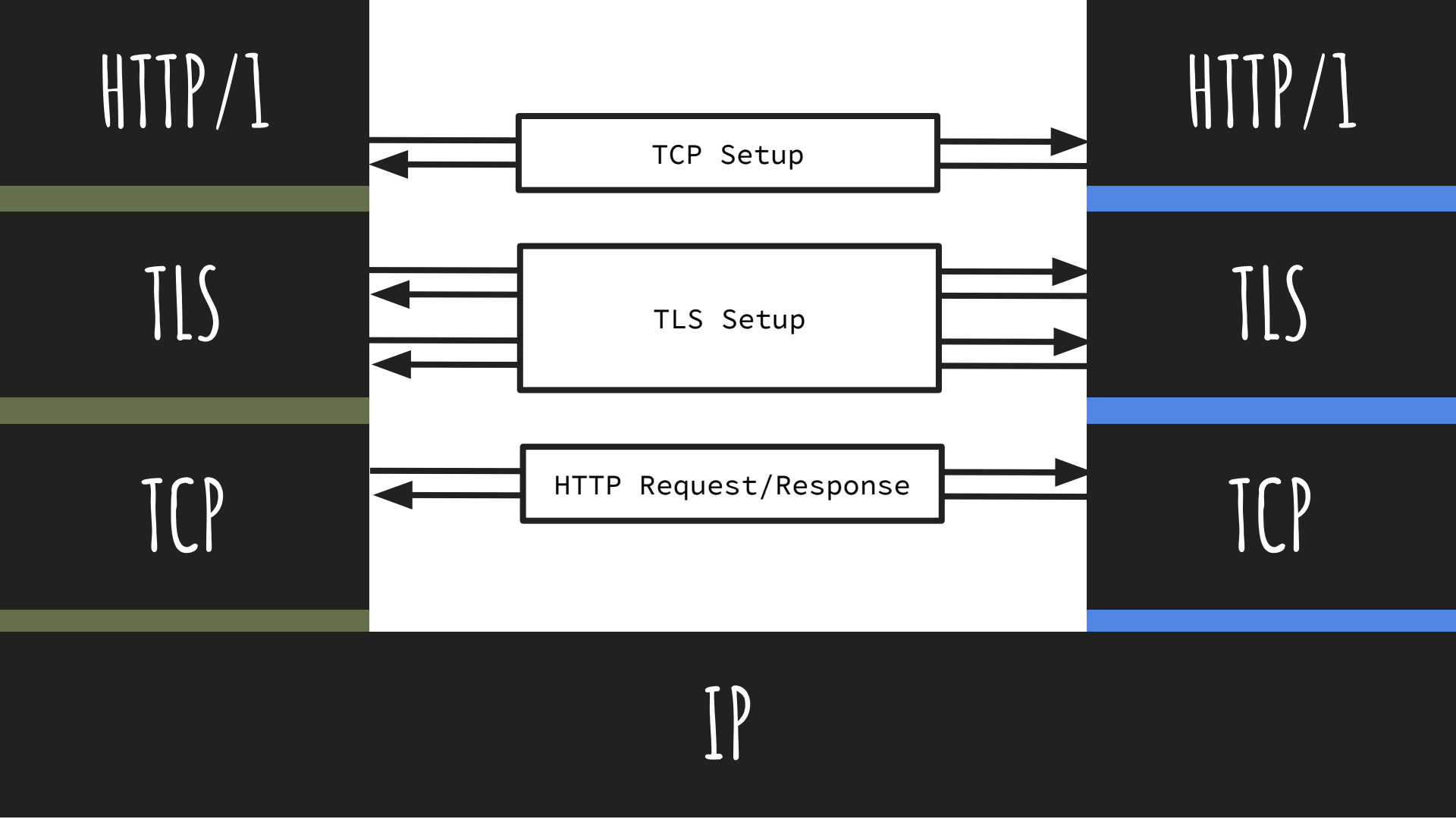
TLS

TCP

HTTP Request/Response

TCP

IP

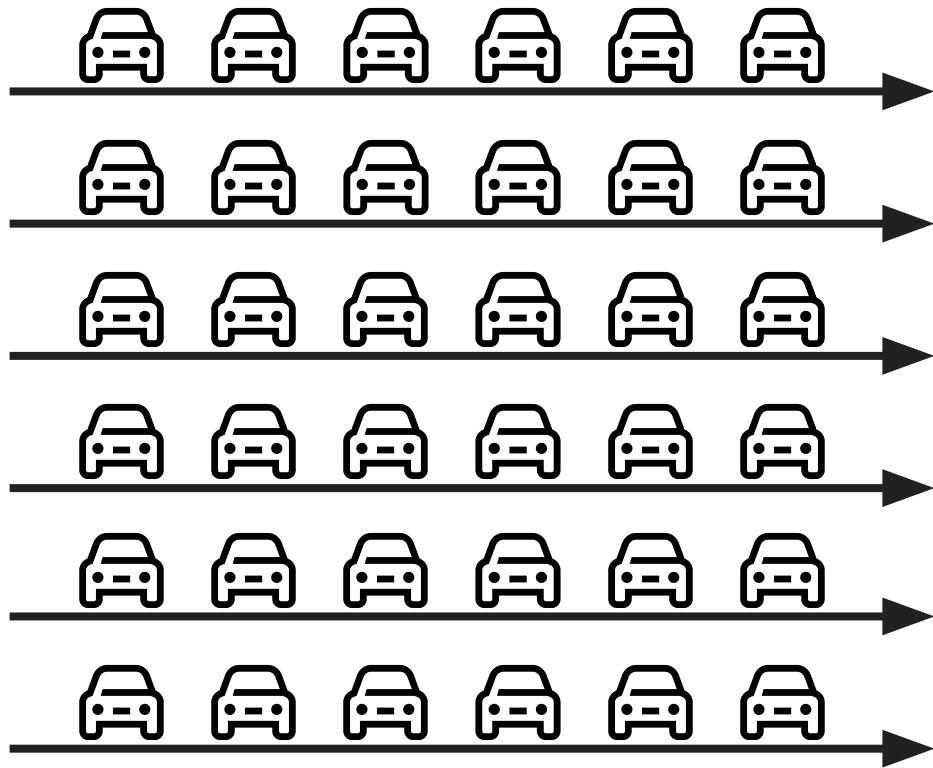


HTTP/2

SPDY



HOME



ROADS



SUPERMARKET



HOME



SUPERMARKET

ROADS

SPDY

A Protocol by Google

2009

Header Compression

Parallel Connections

Multiplexing

Priority Marking

Server Push

TLS (to work)

SPDY

A Protocol by Google

chrome://net-internals/#events&q=id:629545

capturing events (14185)

id:629545 1 of 907

ID	Source Type	Description
629545	HTTP2_SESSION	

629545: HTTP2_SESSION
Start Time: 2017-07-10 13:41:07.399

```
t=66693 [st= 0] HTTP2_SESSION_PING
--> is_ack = false
--> type = "sent"
--> unique_id = 3
t=66693 [st= 0] HTTP2_SESSION_SEND_HEADERS
--> exclusive = true
--> fin = true
--> has_priority = true
--> :method: GET
--> :authority: www.google.fr
--> :scheme: https
--> :path: /search?q=spdy&headers&rlz=1
--> cache-control: max-age=0
--> upgrade-insecure-requests: 1
--> user-agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh;
--> x-chrome-uma-enabled: 1
--> x-client-data: CKqlyQEIkLbJAQiltkB
--> accept: text/html,application/xhtml
--> referer: https://www.google.fr/
--> accept-encoding: gzip, deflate, br
--> accept-language: en-GB,en;q=0.8,ja;
--> cookie: [208 bytes were stripped]
--> parent_stream_id = 0
--> source_dependency = 630926 (HTTP_ST
--> stream_id = 41
--> weight = 256
t=66762 [st= 69] HTTP2_SESSION_PING
--> is_ack = true
--> type = "received"
--> unique_id = 3
t=66838 [st= 145] HTTP2_SESSION_RECV_HEADERS
--> fin = false
--> :status: 200
--> content-type: text/html; charset=UTF
--> date: Mon, 10 Jul 2017 12:41:07 GMT
--> expires: -1
--> cache-control: private, max-age=0
--> content-encoding: gzip
--> server: gws
--> x-ssr-protection: 1; mode=block
--> x-frame-options: SAMEORIGIN
--> alt-svc: quic=":443"; ma=2592000; v
--> stream_id = 41
t=66839 [st= 146] HTTP2_SESSION_UPDATE_RECV_WINDOW
--> delta = -1
--> window_size = 15728639
t=66839 [st= 146] HTTP2_STREAM_UPDATE_RECV_WINDOW
--> delta = 1
--> window_size = 15728640
t=66839 [st= 146] HTTP2_SESSION_RECV_DATA
--> fin = false
--> size = 8140
--> stream_id = 41
t=66839 [st= 146] HTTP2_SESSION_UPDATE_RECV_WINDOW
```





- Home**
- About the IETF**
 - Mission
 - Standards Process
 - Note Well
 - NomCom
 - Blog
 - Info for Newcomers
- Internet-Drafts**
 - Datatracker
 - Search
 - Submit
- RFC Pages**
 - Search RFC Ed Index
 - RFC Editor Queue
- IANA Pages**
 - Protocol Parameters
 - IANA Transition
- Working Groups**
 - WG Charters
 - Email Lists
 - WG Chairs' Page
- Resources**
 - Community Tools
 - Tools Team Pages
 - Edu Team Pages
 - Mentoring Program
 - Tutorials
 - Wikis
- Meetings**
 - Upcoming Meetings
 - Past Meetings
 - Interim Meetings
 - Important Dates
 - Proceedings

The Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF®)

The goal of the IETF is to make the Internet work better.

The mission of the IETF is to make the Internet work better by producing high quality, relevant technical documents that influence the way people design, use, and manage the Internet. Newcomers to the IETF should [start here](#).

News Next Meeting: IETF 99 Prague, Czech Republic

- [IETF 104 in Prague!](#)
- [IETF Blog](#)
- [IETF Daily Dose](#)

[IETF 99, Prague, Czech Republic \(UTC +2\)](#) [July 16-21, 2017](#)

- [Register](#)
- [Important Dates](#)
- [Wiki](#)
- [Agenda](#)
- [Meeting Materials](#)
- [Remote Participation](#)
- [Hackathon](#) (open to public)



Email Archives Recent Meeting: IETF 98 - Chicago, IL

A new mail archive tool realizing the requirements developed in RFC 6778 is now in use:

- [Search all IETF email archives](#)

- [IETF 98 Information](#)
- [IETF 98 Proceedings](#)

If you choose to log in, use your datatracker credentials.

([Read full announcement in the archives here.](#))

Internet-Drafts and RFCs Quick Search



Views: desktop mobile print

W3C By Region Go

- STANDARDS
- PARTICIPATE
- MEMBERSHIP
- ABOUT W3C

Skip

TECHNICAL REPORTS

- By date
- By group

WEB AND INDUSTRY

- Automotive
- Publishing
- Entertainment (TV and Broadcasting)
- Web and Telecommunications
- Web of Data
- Web of Things
- Web Payments
- Web Security

WEB FOR ALL

- Accessibility
- Internationalization
- W3C A to Z

W3C Announces its First Publishing Summit and New Publishing Standards Work

19 June 2017 | [Archive](#)



W3C opened today registration for its first ever [W3C Publishing Summit](#) to be held 9-10 November 2017 in San Francisco, California, co-located with the W3C's Technical Plenary and Advisory Committee meetings (TPAC 2017), and calls for speakers by 15 July 2017. The inaugural W3C Publishing Summit will show how publishers are using today's Web technologies to make publications more effective and workflows more efficient.

W3C launched last week its new [Publishing Working Group](#), just a few months following the combination of IDPF and W3C, with a mission to provide the necessary technologies on the Open Web Platform to make the combination of traditional publishing and the Web complete in terms of accessibility, usability, portability, distribution, archiving, offline access, and reliable cross referencing.

Read the [Media Advisory](#) and [Blog post](#) to learn about the event and major milestones for Publishing at W3C.

W3C Invites Implementations of HTML 5.1 2nd Edition

20 June 2017 | [Archive](#)

First Public Working Draft: CSS Overflow Module Level 4

13 June 2017 | [Archive](#)

XSL Transformations (XSLT) Version 3.0 is now a W3C Recommendation

8 June 2017 | [Archive](#)

The World Wide Web Consortium (W3C) is an international community that develops open standards to ensure the long-term growth of the Web. [W3C operates under our Code of Ethics and Professional Conduct.](#)

Become a [Friend of W3C](#) to support the [W3C mission](#) and free developer tools.

W3C BLOG

[Bringing Publications to the Web: First Steps](#)
29 June 2017 by Tzviya Siegman

[Possible future directions for data on the Web](#)
27 June 2017 by Phil Archer

[Tim Berners-Lee awarded 2016 ACM A.M. Turing Prize](#)
22 June 2017 by Coralie Mercier

JOBS

Open position for a [Web Accessibility Engineer](#) (China)

VALIDATORS, MORE SOFTWARE



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The Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF®)

The goal of the IETF is to make the Internet work better.

The mission of the IETF is to make the Internet work better by producing high quality, relevant technical documents that influence the way people design, use, and manage the Internet. Newcomers to the IETF should [start here](#).

News Next Meeting: IETF 99 Prague, Czech Republic

- [IETF 104 in Prague!](#)
- [IETF Blog](#)
- [IETF Daily Dose](#)

[IETF 99, Prague, Czech Republic \(UTC +2\)](#) [July 16-21, 2017](#)

- [Register](#)
- [Important Dates](#)
- [Wiki](#)
- [Agenda](#)
- [Meeting Materials](#)
- [Remote Participation](#)
- [Hackathon](#) (open to public)



Email Archives Recent Meeting: IETF 98 - Chicago, IL

A new mail archive tool realizing the requirements developed in RFC 6778 is now in use:

- [Search all IETF email archives](#)

- [IETF 98 Information](#)
- [IETF 98 Proceedings](#)

If you choose to log in, use your datatracker credentials.

([Read full announcement in the archives here.](#))

Internet-Drafts and RFCs Quick Search

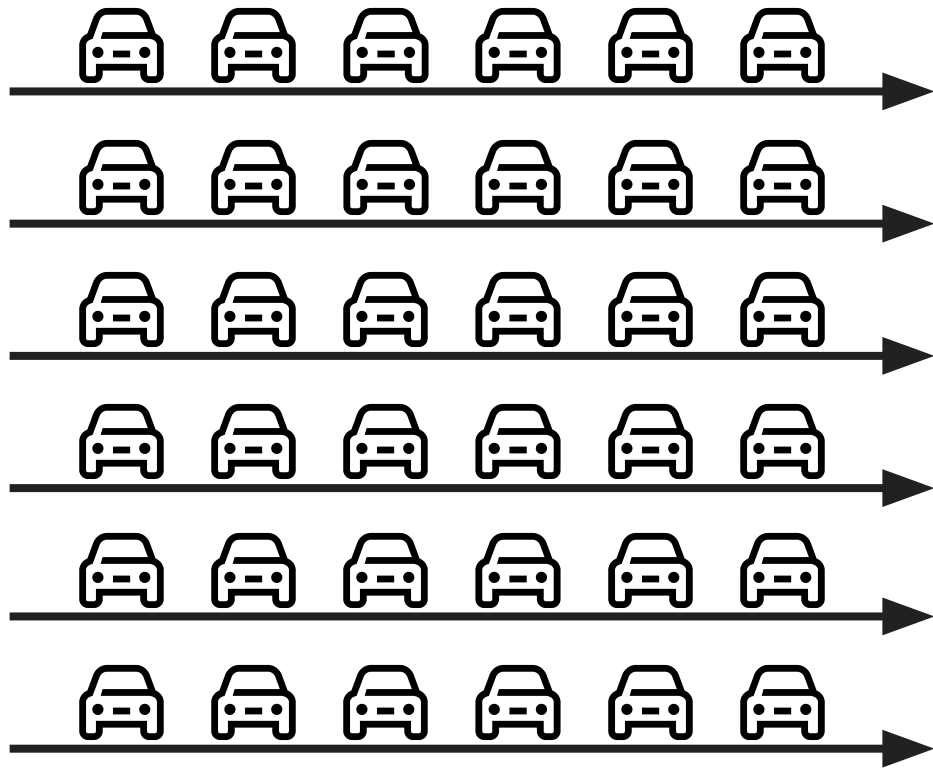
HTTP/2

“Idea was to maintain HTTP semantics but change how it is transported.”

Daniel Stenberg
<https://daniel.haxx.se/blog/>



HOME



ROADS



SUPERMARKET



HOME



SUPERMARKET

ROADS

HTTP/1



HTTP/1

TLS



TLS

TCP



TCP

IP

HTTP2

A Protocol by IETF
(SPDY base)

Binary

Header Compression

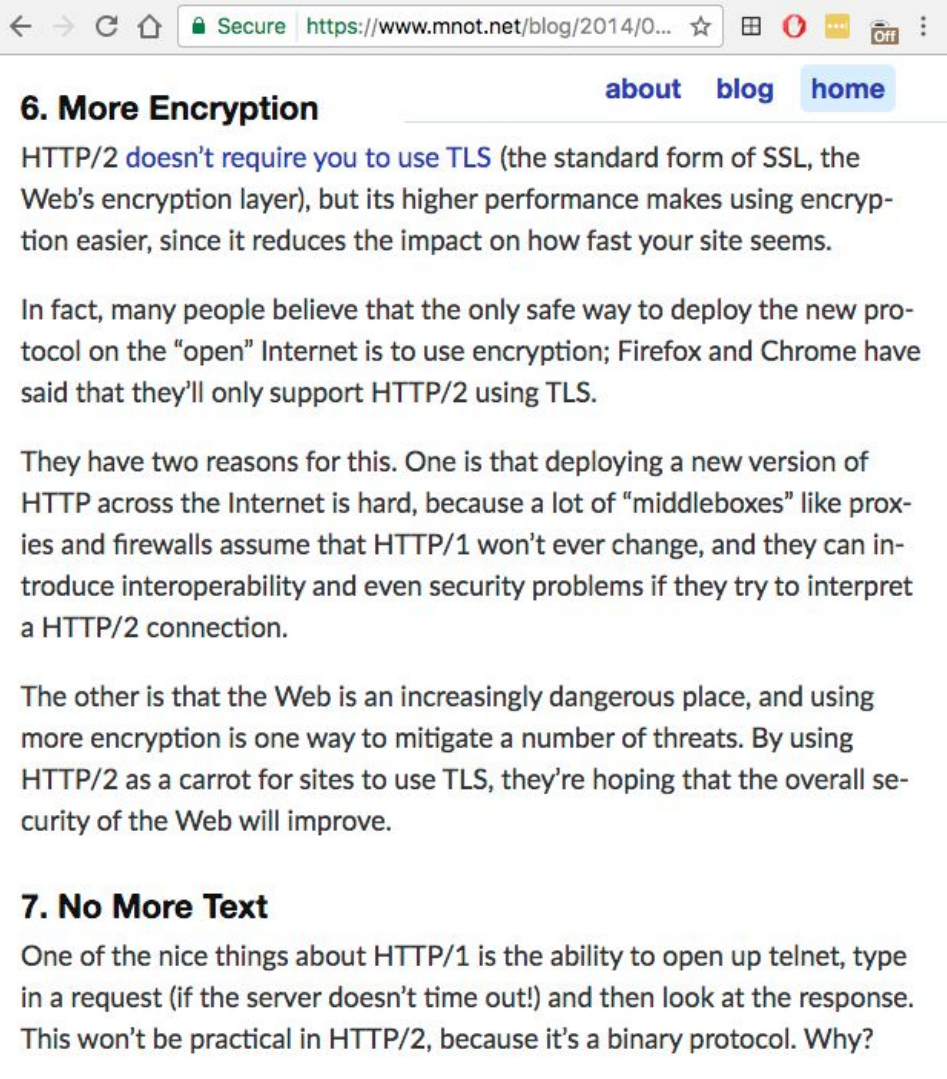
Multiplexing

Server Push

TLS...

HTTP2

A Protocol by IETF
(SDPY base)



The image is a screenshot of a web browser displaying a blog post. The browser's address bar shows the URL `https://www.mnot.net/blog/2014/0...` with a "Secure" indicator and a star icon. The page has a navigation menu with links for "about", "blog", and "home", where "home" is highlighted. The main content is titled "6. More Encryption" and discusses the benefits of HTTP/2, such as not requiring TLS and better performance. It also mentions that many people believe the only safe way to deploy the new protocol is with encryption, and that Firefox and Chrome support it. The text explains that deploying a new version of HTTP is difficult due to "middleboxes" like proxies and firewalls that assume HTTP/1 won't change. It also notes that the Web is becoming more dangerous, and using more encryption is a way to mitigate threats. The section concludes with "7. No More Text", stating that one of the nice things about HTTP/1 is the ability to open up telnet, type in a request, and look at the response, which won't be practical in HTTP/2 because it's a binary protocol.

← → ↻ 🏠 Secure `https://www.mnot.net/blog/2014/0...` ☆ 🗄️ 🔴 ⋮ 🗑️ Off

[about](#) [blog](#) [home](#)

6. More Encryption

HTTP/2 [doesn't require you to use TLS](#) (the standard form of SSL, the Web's encryption layer), but its higher performance makes using encryption easier, since it reduces the impact on how fast your site seems.

In fact, many people believe that the only safe way to deploy the new protocol on the "open" Internet is to use encryption; Firefox and Chrome have said that they'll only support HTTP/2 using TLS.

They have two reasons for this. One is that deploying a new version of HTTP across the Internet is hard, because a lot of "middleboxes" like proxies and firewalls assume that HTTP/1 won't ever change, and they can introduce interoperability and even security problems if they try to interpret a HTTP/2 connection.

The other is that the Web is an increasingly dangerous place, and using more encryption is one way to mitigate a number of threats. By using HTTP/2 as a carrot for sites to use TLS, they're hoping that the overall security of the Web will improve.

7. No More Text

One of the nice things about HTTP/1 is the ability to open up telnet, type in a request (if the server doesn't time out!) and then look at the response. This won't be practical in HTTP/2, because it's a binary protocol. Why?





STATS

Gimme gimme

35% Requests

70% HTTPS Connections

13% Top 1,000,000 Sites

29% Top 1000 Sites

“90% your site”

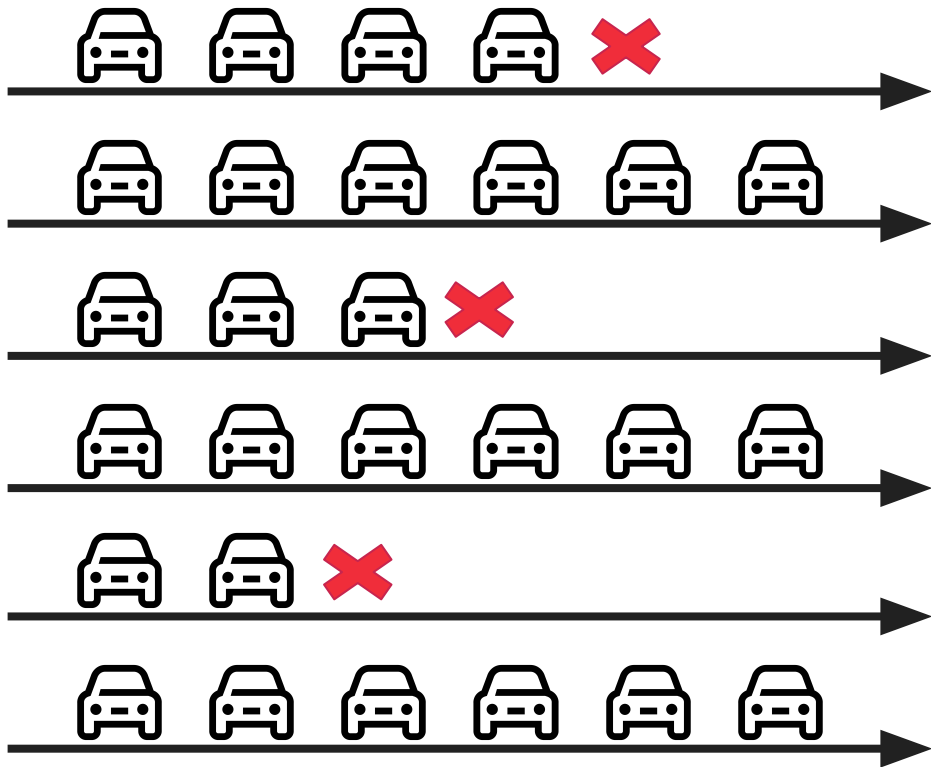
2% PACKET LOSS

HTTP1 is better.

HEAD OF LINE BLOCKING



HOME



ROADS



SUPERMARKET



HOME



SUPERMARKET

ROADS

NOT GOOD ENOUGH!



HOME



ROADS



SUPERMARKET

NOT GOOD ENOUGH!



HOME



SUPERMARKET

ROADS

TCP ISSUE

(Can happen on any protocol with in-order delivery)

QUIC

“Idea was to maintain HTTP semantics but change how it is transported.”

Daniel Stenberg
<https://daniel.haxx.se/blog/>

TCP



HOME



SUPERMARKET

ROADS

TCP

Suffers from
Head of Line Blocking

UDP

Can work...with help.



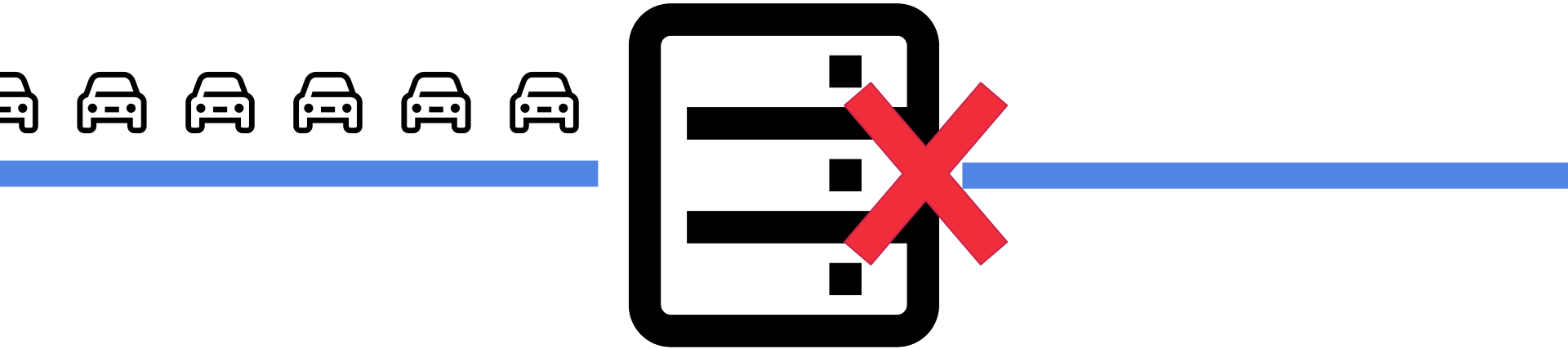
“We want QUIC to work on
today’s internet”

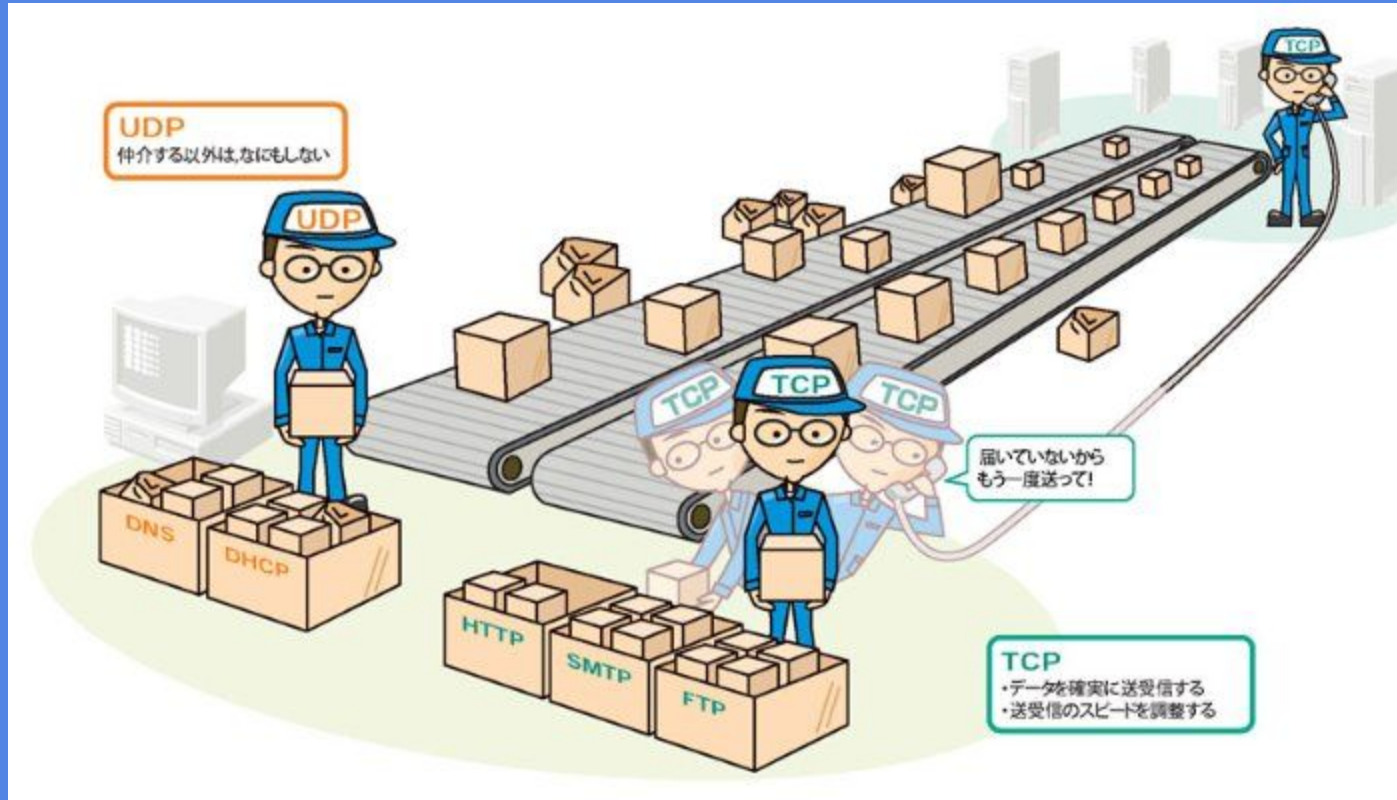
Jana Iyengar
QUIC Editor, Google

Ossification



Why TCP or UDP only?





HTTP/2

TLS 1.2+

TCP

IP

APPLICATION

QUIC

GOOGLE CRYPTO

UDP

Congestion
Control



HTTP/2

TLS 1.2+

TCP



APPLICATION

QUIC

GOOGLE CRYPTO

UDP

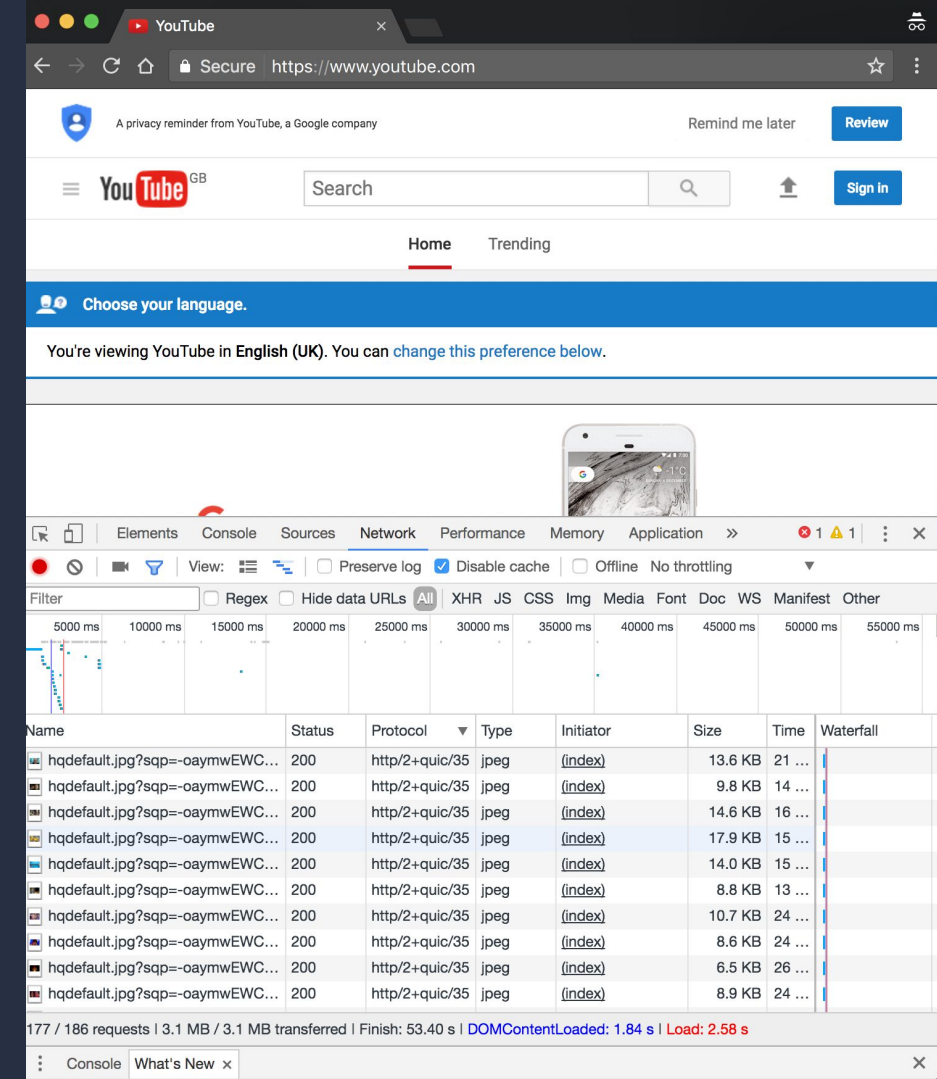
Congestion
Control



IP

QUIC

A Protocol by Google



The screenshot shows a web browser window displaying the YouTube homepage. The address bar shows the URL `https://www.youtube.com`. The page content includes the YouTube logo, a search bar, and navigation links for Home and Trending. A blue banner prompts the user to "Choose your language" and notes that the user is viewing YouTube in English (UK).

The Network DevTools panel is open, showing a list of network requests. The requests are filtered to show only QUIC requests. The table below summarizes the data from the Network panel:

Name	Status	Protocol	Type	Initiator	Size	Time	Waterfall
hqdefault.jpg?sqp=--oaymwEWC...	200	http/2+quic/35	jpeg	(index)	13.6 KB	21 ...	
hqdefault.jpg?sqp=--oaymwEWC...	200	http/2+quic/35	jpeg	(index)	9.8 KB	14 ...	
hqdefault.jpg?sqp=--oaymwEWC...	200	http/2+quic/35	jpeg	(index)	14.6 KB	16 ...	
hqdefault.jpg?sqp=--oaymwEWC...	200	http/2+quic/35	jpeg	(index)	17.9 KB	15 ...	
hqdefault.jpg?sqp=--oaymwEWC...	200	http/2+quic/35	jpeg	(index)	14.0 KB	15 ...	
hqdefault.jpg?sqp=--oaymwEWC...	200	http/2+quic/35	jpeg	(index)	8.8 KB	13 ...	
hqdefault.jpg?sqp=--oaymwEWC...	200	http/2+quic/35	jpeg	(index)	10.7 KB	24 ...	
hqdefault.jpg?sqp=--oaymwEWC...	200	http/2+quic/35	jpeg	(index)	8.6 KB	24 ...	
hqdefault.jpg?sqp=--oaymwEWC...	200	http/2+quic/35	jpeg	(index)	6.5 KB	26 ...	
hqdefault.jpg?sqp=--oaymwEWC...	200	http/2+quic/35	jpeg	(index)	8.9 KB	24 ...	

At the bottom of the Network panel, the summary shows: 177 / 186 requests | 3.1 MB / 3.1 MB transferred | Finish: 53.40 s | DOMContentLoaded: 1.84 s | Load: 2.58 s

HTTP/2

TLS 1.2+

TCP



HTTP OVER QUIC

QUIC

TLS 1.3

UDP

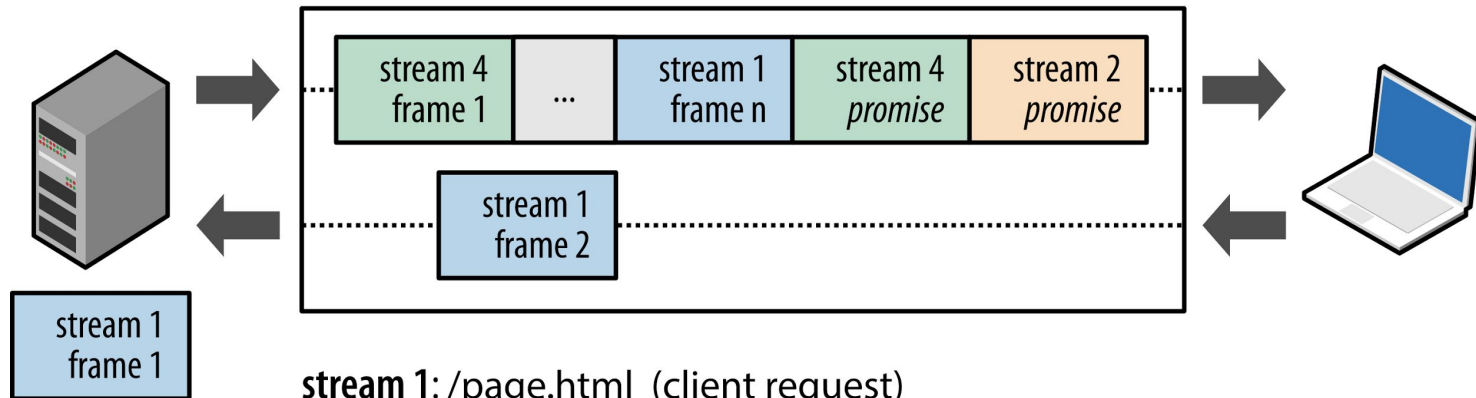
IP

“A "stream" is an independent, bidirectional sequence of frames exchanged between the client and server within an HTTP/2 connection..

A single HTTP/2 connection can contain multiple concurrently open streams..”

Hypertext Transfer Protocol Version 2 (HTTP/2), RFC7540

HTTP 2.0 connection



stream 1: /page.html (client request)

stream 2: /script.js (push promise)

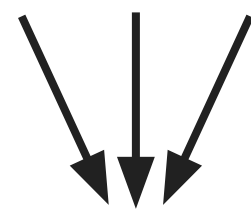
stream 4: /style.css (push promise)

HTTP OVER QUIC

QUIC

TLS 1.3

UDP



HTTP OVER QUIC

QUIC

TLS 1.3

UDP

IP

HTTP OVER QUIC

QUIC

TLS 1.3

UDP

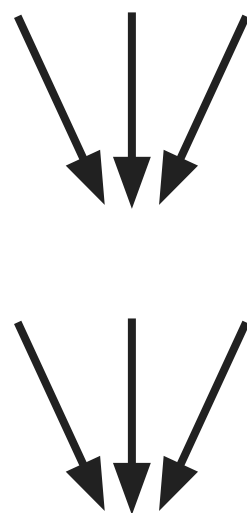
IP

HTTP OVER QUIC

QUIC

TLS 1.3

UDP



HTTP OVER QUIC

QUIC

TLS 1.3

UDP

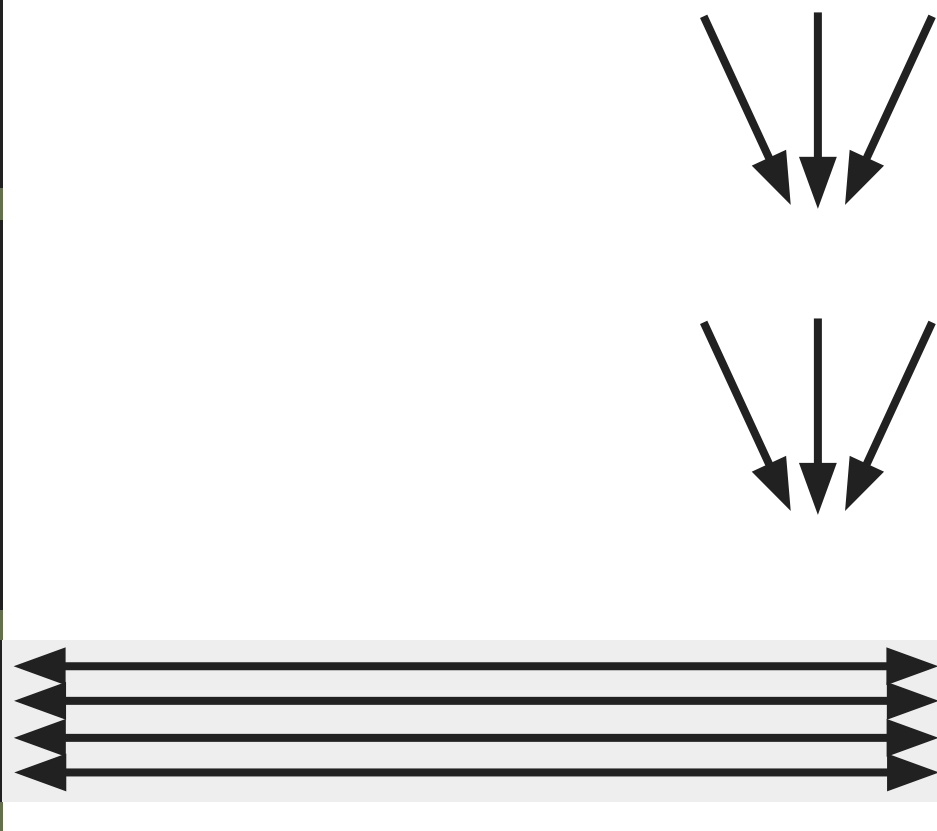
HTTP OVER QUIC

QUIC

TLS 1.3

UDP

IP



HTTP OVER QUIC

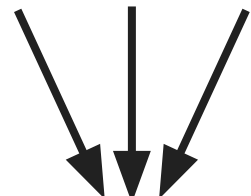
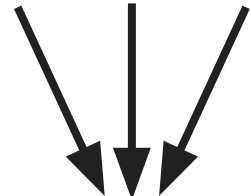
QUIC

TLS 1.3

UDP



Head of Line
Blocking!



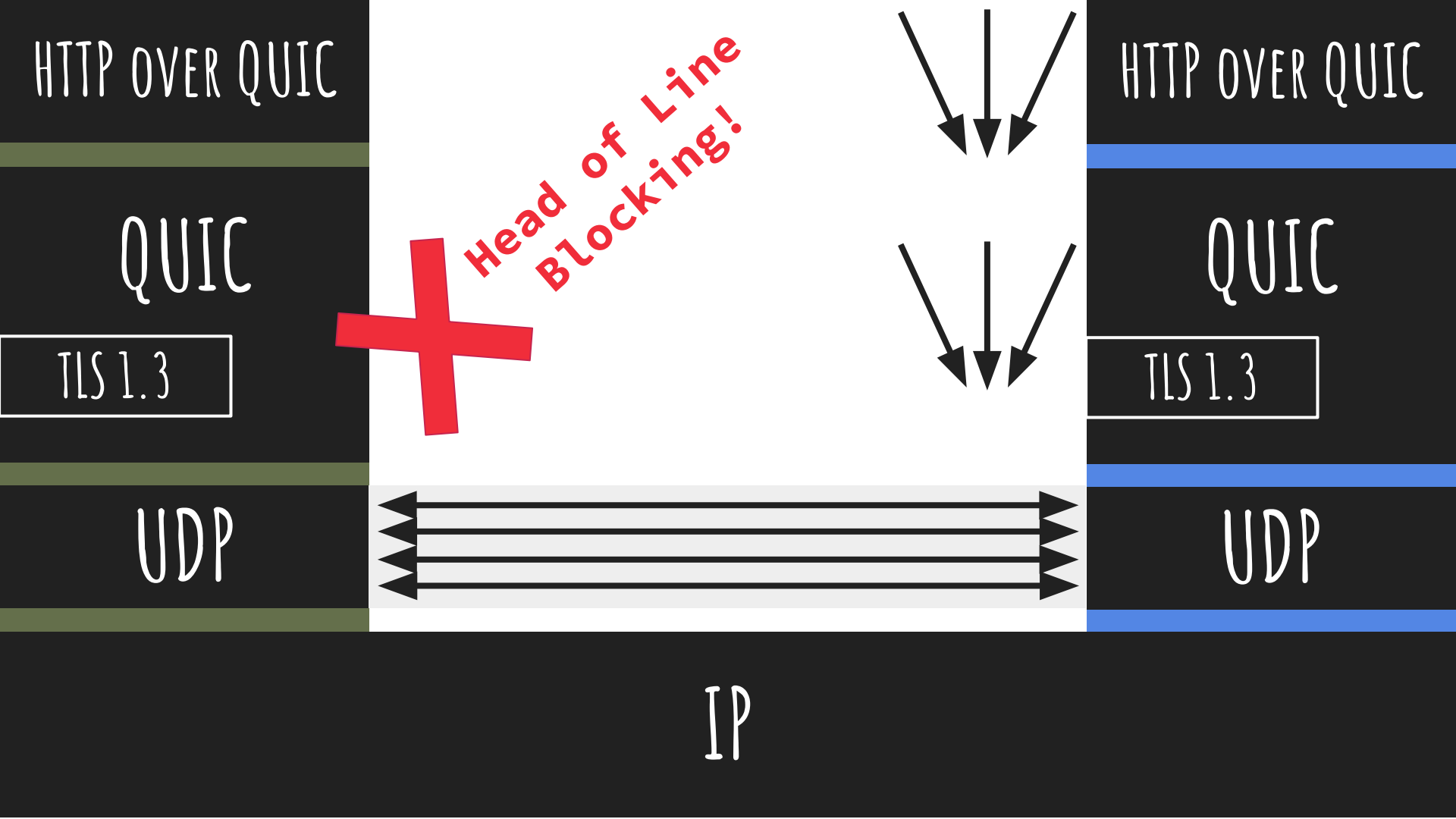
IP

HTTP OVER QUIC

QUIC

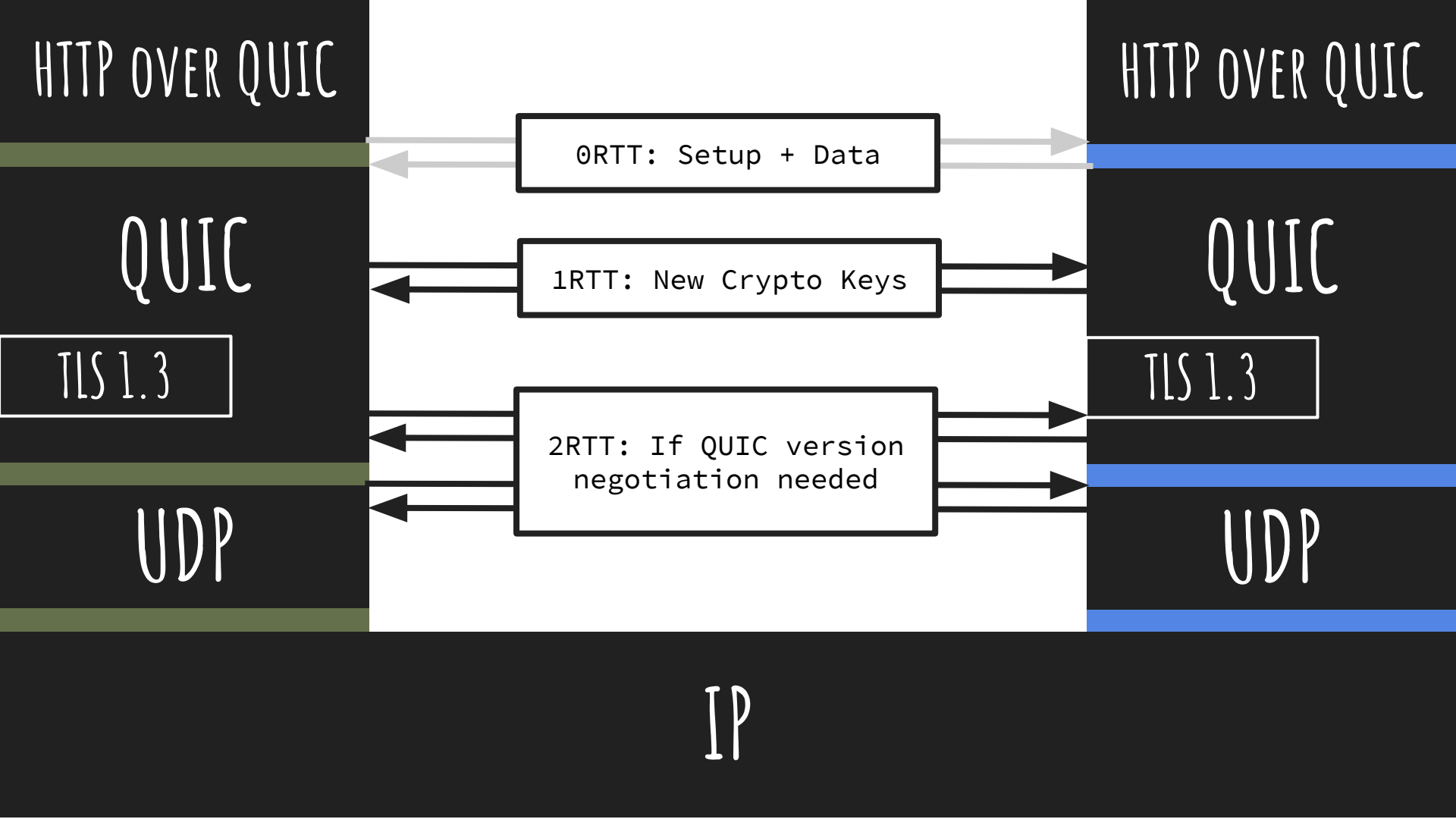
TLS 1.3

UDP

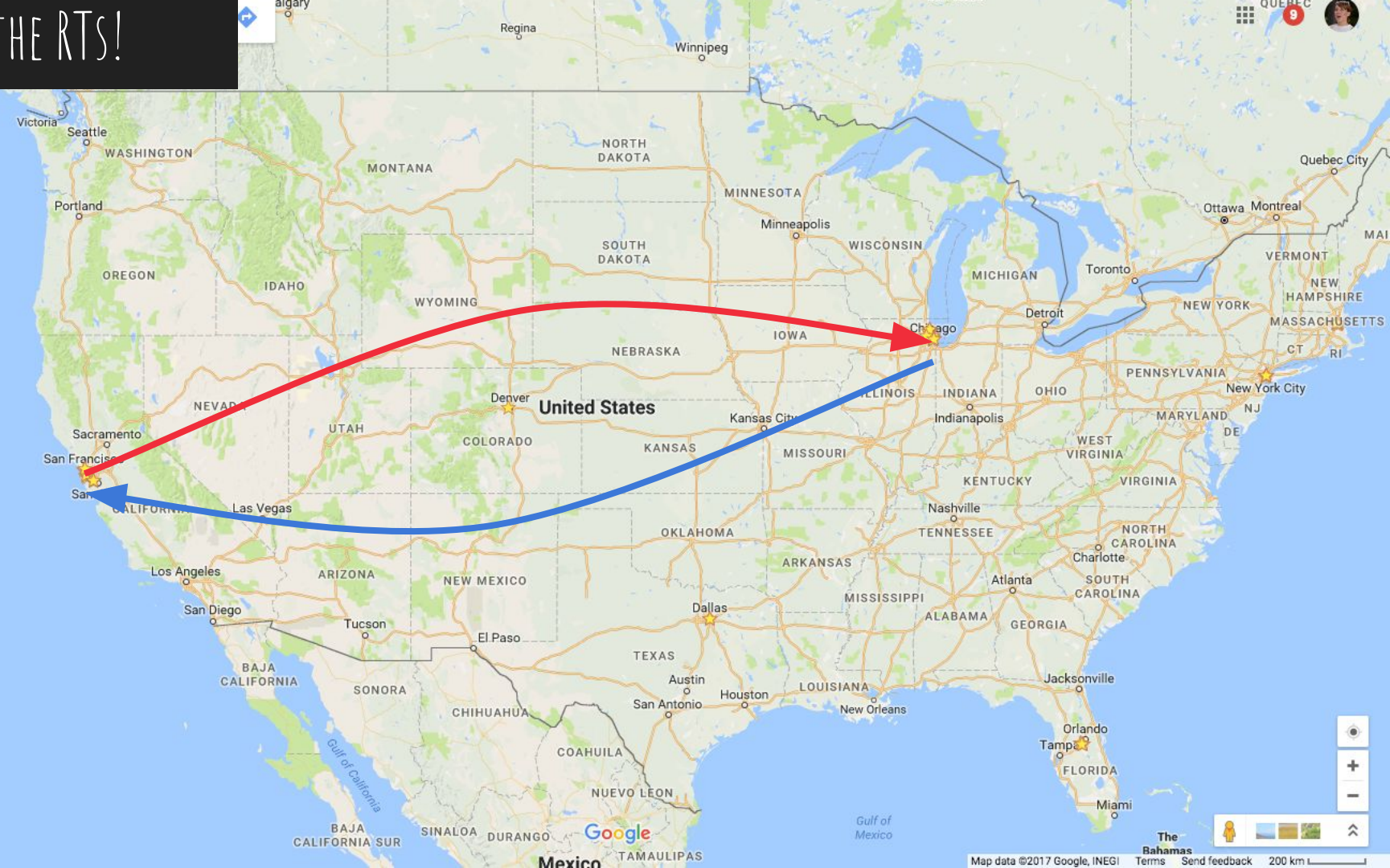


RTS ARE EVIL

Mostly because of physics. Not much you can do about that.



REDUCE THE RTs!





capturing events (77240)

- Capture
- Export
- Import
- Proxy
- Events
- Timeline
- DNS
- Sockets
- Alt-Svc
- HTTP/2
- QUIC
- SDCH
- Cache
- Modules
- HSTS
- Bandwidth
- Prerender

- QUIC Enabled: true
- Origins To Force QUIC On:
- Connection options:
- Load Server Info Timeout Multiplier: 0.25
- Enable Connection Racing: false
- Disable Disk Cache: false
- Prefer AES: false
- Maximum Number Of Lossy Connections: undefined
- Packet Loss Threshold: undefined
- Delay TCP Race: true
- Store Server Configs In Properties File: null
- Idle Connection Timeout In Seconds: 30
- Disable PreConnect If 0RTT: false
- Disable QUIC On Timeout With Open Streams: false
- Race Cert Verification: false

QUIC sessions

[View live QUIC sessions](#)

Host	Version	Peer address	Connection UID	Active stream count	Active streams	Total stream count	Packets Sent	Packets Lost	Packets Received	Connected
0.docs.google.com:443	QUIC_VERSION_35	108.177.119.189:443	4320267434055741040	3	967, 969, 971	484	2286	0	3116	true
apis.google.com:443 clients5.google.com:443 notifications.google.com:443 ogs.google.com:443 play.google.com:443	QUIC_VERSION_35	172.217.19.206:443	7163347322057347084	0	None	5	61	0	104	true
clients4.google.com:443 play.google.com:443	QUIC_VERSION_35	172.217.19.206:443	4955303205670954227	0	None	3	17	0	13	true
csi.gstatic.com:443	QUIC_VERSION_35	216.58.212.227:443	2195032741195196864	0	None	154	415	0	415	true
encrypted-tbn0.gstatic.com:443	QUIC_VERSION_35	172.217.19.206:443	11763837326739299402	0	None	40	164	0	249	true
fonts.gstatic.com:443 ssl.gstatic.com:443 www.gstatic.com:443	QUIC_VERSION_35	172.217.19.195:443	3632720218728176705	0	None	5	34	0	57	true
i.ytimg.com:443	QUIC_VERSION_35	172.217.19.206:443	5413815142526720918	0	None	1	37	0	70	true
r1---sn-aiglndk.googlevideo.com:443	QUIC_VERSION_35	209.85.230.102:443	9346861099862968819	0	None	14	1108	0	2211	true
r6---sn-5hnedn7z.googlevideo.com:443	QUIC_VERSION_35	74.125.100.188:443	11821379144642082471	0	None	1	464	0	930	true
s.youtube.com:443 www.youtube.com:443	QUIC_VERSION_35	172.217.19.206:443	5087965363789303966	0	None	41	448	0	800	true
www.google.co.uk:443	QUIC_VERSION_35	172.217.19.195:443	16461072303236918760	0	None	50	339	0	561	true
www.google.com:443	QUIC_VERSION_35	172.217.19.196:443	6765651486238199233	0	None	2	8	0	8	true
www.googleadservices.com:443	QUIC_VERSION_35	172.217.17.34:443	3955002652180487648	0	None	2	7	0	5	true

7% INTERNET TRAFFIC

35% Google Egress Traffic

HOW DOES THIS AFFECT ME?

ABSTRACTION

Is a computer scientist's friend / fiend

LAYER VIOLATION

IT'S A CRIME.

WEB

HTTP

TLS

TCP

IP

7. Application Data	HTTP / IMAP
6. Data Presentation , Encryption	SSL / TLS
5. Session and connection management	-
4. Transport of packets and streams	TCP / UDP
3. Routing and delivery of datagrams on the Network	IP / IPSec
2. Local Data Connection	Ethernet
1. Physical data connection (cables)	CAT5

SOME THINGS

If you have to do
something...

Manage your resources
logically

Detect on upgrade header
and adapt

Measure

Remember Physics!

RECAP

We made it!

RTTs, Physics, Data

SPDY, HTTP2, QUIC

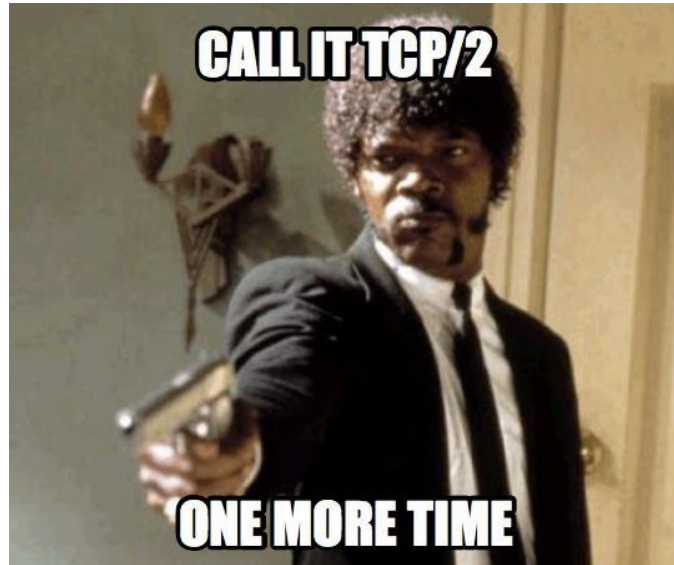
Header compression

Multiplexing & Streams

Head of Line Blocking

Make protocols for
today's internet









IETF QUIC WG

IETF QUIC Working Group

<https://datatracker.ietf.org/wg/quic/charter/> [✉ quic@ietf.org](mailto:quic@ietf.org)

📁 **Repositories** 4

👤 **People** 5

Pinned repositories

base-drafts

Internet-Drafts that make up the base QUIC specification

● Makefile ★ 146 🍴 33

ops-drafts

Applicability and Manageability Statements

● Makefile ★ 1 🍴 6

wg-materials

Agenda, Minutes, Presentations

● Python ★ 34 🍴 16

Search repositories...

Type: All ▾

Language: All ▾

base-drafts

Internet-Drafts that make up the base QUIC specification

tls http protocol standards transport ietf quic

● Makefile ★ 146 🍴 33 Updated 10 hours ago



Top languages

● Makefile ● Python ● HTML

Most used topics

ietf quic standards

wg-materials

Agenda, Minutes, Presentations



People

5 >



Thank-you

People: Martin Thomson, Mark Nottingham, Jana Iyengar,
Mike Bishop, Eric Rescola, Ian Swett



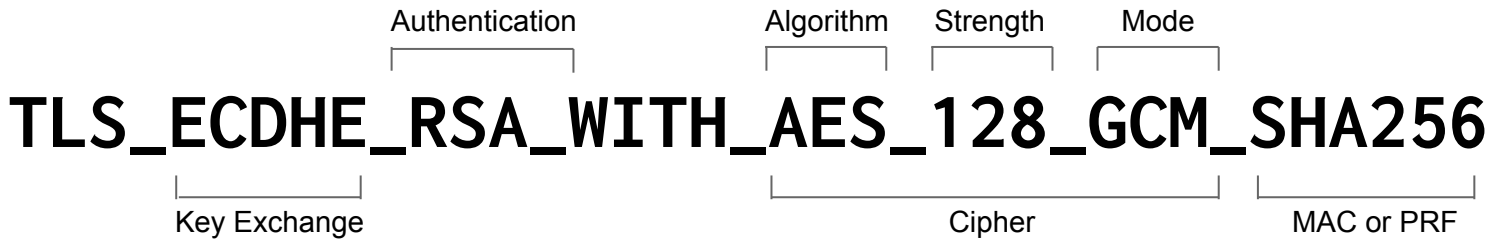
7. Application Data	HTTP / IMAP
6. Data Presentation , Encryption	SSL / TLS
5. Session and connection management	-
4. Transport of packets and streams	TCP / UDP
3. Routing and delivery of datagrams on the Network	IP / IPSec
2. Local Data Connection	Ethernet
1. Physical data connection (cables)	CAT5

HANDSHAKE FLOW

Client Hello	Client sends TLS Version, Ciphersuites , Compression methods
Server Hello, Certificate	- Server selects cipher & compression method - Server send certificate - Client authenticates
Key Exchange	Pre-master secret exchanged between client & server, client validates certificate
Master Secret	Client & Server can compute Master Secret.
MAC	Server verifies MAC, returns to client to verify also.
Finished	Handshake complete.

CIPHERS, STANDARDS AND TERMS

Key Exchange Method: creates the pre master secret. Premaster secret is combined with PRF to create master secret	RSA, DHE_RSA, ECDHE_RSA, ECDHE_ECDSA	
Authentication Method: Uses public key crypto and certificates public key together. Once certificate is validated the client can use public key.	RSA or ECDSA Certs: X.509, ASN.1 DER encoding.	
Master Secret	Integrity Validation	Encryption
Pre-master secret: combines params to help client and server create master secret.	PRF: Pseudorandom Function. Takes a secret, a seed, and a unique label. TLS1.2 suites use PRF based on HMAC and SHA256	3DES, AES, ARIA, CAMELLIA, RC4, and SEED [1] Steam: adds MAC [2] Block: adds IV and padding after encryption [3] Encryption (AEAD): encryption and integrity validation, using nonce, no padding, no IV.
Master Secret: both server and client create this from pre-master secret to symmetrically encrypt	MAC: used for integrity validation in handshake and record.	



TLS HANDSHAKE



[1] Client Hello



Server Hello [2]

Certificate [3]

Server Key Exchange [4]

Server Hello Done [5]



[6] Client Key Exchange

[7] (Change Cipher Spec)

[8] Finished



(Change Cipher Spec) [9]

Finished [10]



CLI-ANT



SER-VER

TCP AND TLS WITH SESSION TICKETS

TCP Fast Open Handshake

[1] Client Hello

Server Hello [2]
(Change Cipher Spec) [3]
Finished [4]

[5] (Change Cipher Spec)
[6] Finished



CLI-ANT



SER-VER

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
4775	242.279730	192.168.1.4	74.125.140.189	QUIC	86	Payload (Encrypted), CID: 7076242236931021878, Seq: 92
4776	242.286604	192.168.1.4	74.125.140.189	QUIC	284	Payload (Encrypted), CID: 7076242236931021878, Seq: 93
4837	242.535399	192.168.1.4	74.125.140.189	QUIC	86	Payload (Encrypted), CID: 7076242236931021878, Seq: 94
6345	252.252051	192.168.1.4	74.125.140.189	QUIC	83	Payload (Encrypted), CID: 7076242236931021878, Seq: 95
6349	252.271273	192.168.1.4	74.125.140.189	QUIC	364	Payload (Encrypted), CID: 7076242236931021878, Seq: 96
6476	252.977923	192.168.1.4	74.125.140.189	QUIC	86	Payload (Encrypted), CID: 7076242236931021878, Seq: 97
8397	267.252470	192.168.1.4	74.125.140.189	QUIC	66	Payload (Encrypted), CID: 7076242236931021878, Seq: 98
9286	272.314644	192.168.1.4	74.125.140.189	QUIC	83	Payload (Encrypted), CID: 7076242236931021878, Seq: 99
362	18.238342	192.168.1.4	216.58.198.206	QUIC	421	Payload (Encrypted), CID: 7638022124343862168, Seq: 2
363	18.238406	192.168.1.4	216.58.198.206	QUIC	79	Payload (Encrypted), CID: 7638022124343862168, Seq: 3
397	18.272947	192.168.1.4	216.58.198.206	QUIC	85	Payload (Encrypted), CID: 7638022124343862168, Seq: 4
2253	56.615288	192.168.1.4	216.58.212.131	QUIC	690	Payload (Encrypted), CID: 7764888314192919936, Seq: 2
2256	56.663160	192.168.1.4	216.58.212.131	QUIC	82	Payload (Encrypted), CID: 7764888314192919936, Seq: 3
3061	118.809583	192.168.1.4	216.58.198.206	QUIC	85	Payload (Encrypted), CID: 8735902231420499892, Seq: 10
3063	118.809844	192.168.1.4	216.58.198.206	QUIC	82	Payload (Encrypted), CID: 8735902231420499892, Seq: 11
3067	118.811105	192.168.1.4	216.58.198.206	QUIC	82	Payload (Encrypted), CID: 8735902231420499892, Seq: 12
3069	118.811517	192.168.1.4	216.58.198.206	QUIC	82	Payload (Encrypted), CID: 8735902231420499892, Seq: 13
3072	118.812043	192.168.1.4	216.58.198.206	QUIC	82	Payload (Encrypted), CID: 8735902231420499892, Seq: 14
3075	118.812540	192.168.1.4	216.58.198.206	QUIC	82	Payload (Encrypted), CID: 8735902231420499892, Seq: 15

▶ Frame 363: 79 bytes on wire (632 bits), 79 bytes captured (632 bits) on interface 0

▶ Ethernet II, Src: Apple_d2:c4:00 (9c:f3:87:d2:c4:00), Dst: Sagemcom_68:f8:73 (84:a4:23:68:f8:73)

▶ Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 192.168.1.4, Dst: 216.58.198.206

▶ User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: 52552 (52552), Dst Port: 443 (443)

▼ QUIC (Quick UDP Internet Connections)

- ▶ Public Flags: 0x0d
- CID: 7638022124343862168
- Version: Q030
- Sequence: 3

```

0000 84 a4 23 68 f8 73 9c f3 87 d2 c4 00 08 00 45 00  ..#h.s.. .....E.
0010 00 41 52 ae 00 00 40 11 c7 48 c0 a8 01 04 d8 3a  .AR...@. .H.....:
0020 c6 ce cd 48 01 bb 00 2d f3 0a 0d 98 23 17 74 a7  ...H...- ....#.t.
0030 b4 ff 69 51 30 33 30 03 47 92 ad ed 99 07 a3 81  ..iQ030. G.....
0040 3e ed 87 38 24 12 0f f6 e1 81 84 b5 0c 83 1a    >..8$.
    
```

Table 9.1. Transport overhead for each of the widely available ciphers

Cipher	TLS Record	IV/Nonce	Padding (average/worst)	HMAC/Tag	Total (average)
AES-128-CBC-SHA	5	16	8 / 16	20	49
AES-128-CBC-SHA256	5	16	8 / 16	32	61
AES-128-GCM-SHA256	5	8	-	16	29
AES-256-CBC-SHA	5	16	8 / 16	20	49

MIN

```

Error("Failed to interpret color arguments");this.__state.a=this.__state.a[1]return e.prototype.
{return(0,f["default"])(this,10)},e.prototype.toOriginal=function(){return this.__state.conversi
o;if("HEX"===e.__state.space)e.__state[t]=d["default"].component_from_hex(e.__state.hex,n);else{i
state"};p["default"].extend(e.__state,d["default"].hsv_to_rgb(e.__state.h,e.__state.s,e.__state.v
t=d["default"].rgb_to_hsv(e.r,e.g,e.b);p["default"].extend(e.__state,{s:t,s,v:t.v}),p["default"].
(e.__state.h=0):e.__state.h=t.h),h.COMPONENTS=
["r","g","b","h","s","v","hex","a"],r(h.prototype,"r",2),r(h.prototype,"g",1),r(h.prototype,"b",0
ototype,"a",{get:function(){return this.__state.a},set:function(e){this.__state.a=e}},Object.def
(this.__state.hex=d["default"].rgb_to_hex(this.r,this.g,this.b)),this.__state.hex},set:function(e
strict");function o(e){return e&&e.__esModule?e:{"default":e}};t.__esModule=10;var i=n(4),r=o(i),a=
{read:function(e){var t=e.match(/^#([A-F0-9])([A-F0-9])([A-F0-9])$/i);return null!==t&&
space:"HEX",hex:parseInt("0x"+t[1].toString()+t[2].toString()+t[3].toString()+t[4].toString())+t[
]{var t=e.match(/^#([A-F0-9]{6})$/i);return null!==t&&space:"HEX",hex:parseInt("0x"+t[1].toString
(.+)\s*,\s*(.+)\s*,\s*(.+)\s*\)/);return null!==t&&space:"RGB",r:parseFloat(t[1]),g:parseFloat(t
t=e.match(/^rgba\s*(.+)\s*,\s*(.+)\s*,\s*(.+)\s*,\s*(.+)\s*\)/);return null!==t&&
space:"RGB",r:parseFloat(t[1]),g:parseFloat(t[2]),b:parseFloat(t[3]),a:parseFloat(t[4])},write:
{return:space:"HEX",hex:e,conversionName:"HEX"}},write:function(e){return e.hex}},{litmus:l["de
space:"RGB",r:e[0],g:e[1],b:e[2]}},write:function(e){return[e.r,e.g,e.b]},RGBA_ARRAY:{read:func
space:"RGB",r:e[0],g:e[1],b:e[2],a:e[3]},write:function(e){return[e.r,e.g,e.b,e.a]}},{litmus:
[1["default"].isNumber(e.r)&&1["default"].isNumber(e.g)&&1["default"].isNumber(e.b)&&1["default"]
{return:r:e.r,g:e.g,b:e.b,a:e.a}},RGB_OBJ:{read:function(e){return!!1["default"].isNumber(e.r)&
{space:"RGB",r:e.r,g:e.g,b:e.b},write:function(e){return[r:e.r,g:e.g,b:e.b]},HSV_A_OBJ:{read:fun
[1["default"].isNumber(e.h)&&1["default"].isNumber(e.s)&&1["default"].isNumber(e.v)&&1["default"]
{return:{h:e.h,s:e.s,v:e.v,a:e.a}},HSV_OBJ:{read:function(e){return!!1["default"].isNumber(e.h)&
space:"HSV",h:e.h,s:e.s,v:e.v}},write:function(e){return[{h:e.h,s:e.s,v:e.v}]},u=void 0,d=void
l["default"].toArray(arguments),arguments[0];return l["default"].each(s,function(t){if(t.litmus
e){if(u.t.read(e),d===1&&u.l!==1)return d=u,u.conversionName=n,u.conversion=t,l["default"].BREAK)},
strict";t.__esModule=10,t["default"]=function(e,t){var
n=e.__state.conversionName.toString(),o=Math.round(e.r),i=Math.round(e.g),r=Math.round(e.b),a=e.a
__CHAR_HEX"===n){for(var
d=e.hex.toString(16);d.length<6;)d="0"+d;return"#"+d}return"CSS_RGB"===n?"rgb"+"o+", "+i+", "+r+")"
B_ARRAY"===n?"["+o+", "+i+", "+r+"]":RGBA_ARRAY"===n?"["+o+", "+i+", "+r+", "+a+"]":RGB_OBJ"===n?"[r
":"r"+"o", "g":"+i+", "b":"+r+", "a":"+a"]":HSV_OBJ"===n?"[h":"+h", "s":"+s", "v":"+v"]":HSV_A_OBJ"===n?"[h":"
strict";t.__esModule=10;var n=Array.prototype.forEach,o=Array.prototype.slice,i={BREAK:{},extend:
Object.keys(t):[];n.forEach(function(n){this.isUndefined(t[n])||e[t[n]]=t[n]},this),e
n=this.isObject(t)?Object.keys(t):[];n.forEach(function(n){this.isUndefined(e[n])&&e[n]=t[n]}.b
for(var t=o.call(arguments),n=e.length-1;n>=0;n--)=t[e[n]].apply(this,t);return t[0]},each:func
if(e.length===e.length+0){var i=void 0,r=void 0;for(i=0,r=e.length;i<r;i++){if(i in e&&t.call(o,e[
e)if(t.call(o,e[a]),a)===this.BREAK)return},defer:function(e){setTimeout(e,0)},debounce:function(e
i=this,r=arguments,a=1;clearTimeout(n),n=setTimeout(o,t),a&&e.apply(i,r)},toArray:function(e){r
0===e),isNull:function(e){return null===e},isNaN:function(e){function t(t){return e.apply(this,ar
isNaN(e)},isArray:Array.isArray|function(e){return e.constructor===Array,isObject:function(e){
return e===e+""},isBoolean:function(e){return e===1|e===10},isFunction:function(e){return"obj
"use strict";t.__esModule=10;var n=void 0,o={hsv_to_rgb:function(e,t,n){var o=Math.floor(e/60)*%
[r,n,l],[r,a,n],[l,r,n],[n,r,a]][o];return[r:255*s[0],g:255*s[1],b:255*s[2]},rgb_to_hsv:function
{h:NaN,s:0,v:0):(1-r/i,a=e===i?(t-n)/r:t===i?2+(n-e)/r:4+(e-t)/r,a/6,a<0&&(a+1),(h:360*a,s:1,v:
o=this.hex_with_component(o,l,t),o=this.hex_with_component(o,0,n),component_from_hex:function(e,
(255<n));t["default"]=o,function(e,t){"use strict";function n(e,t){if(!e instanceof t)throw
function e(t,o){n(this,e),this.initialValue=t[o],this.domElement=document.createElement("div"),t
0}return e.prototype.onChange=function(e){return this.__onChange=e,this,e.prototype.onFinishChan
{return this.object[this.property]=e,this.__onChange&&this.__onChange.call(this,e),this.updateDis
this.object[this.property]},e.prototype.updateDisplay=function(){return this,e.prototype.isModif
();t["default"]=o,function(e,t,n){"use strict";function o(e){return e&&e.__esModule?e:{"default"
a function")}function r(e,t){if(!e)throw new ReferenceError("this hasn't been initialised - super
e:t}function a(e,t){if("function"!==typeof t&&null!==t)throw new TypeError("Super expression must

```